

AGENDA
State Executive Council for Children's Services
September 10, 2026
9:30 AM

1604 Santa Rosa Road, 2nd Floor
Henrico, VA 23229

Note: This is an in-person meeting
To accommodate interested members of the public, the meeting will be viewable at:

Please join the meeting on your computer, tablet, or smartphone.

<https://meet.goto.com/707361437>

You can also dial in using your phone.

Access Code: 707-361-437

United States: [+1 \(872\) 240-3412](tel:+18722403412)

9:30 Call to Order / Opening Remarks – Honorable Toni Blue
Deputy Secretary of Health and Human Resources

Action Item: Approval of Remote Participation per SEC Policy 2.1.3 and §2.2-3708.3, COV
(if necessary)

Action Item: Approval of the Agenda and Certification of Quorum

9:50 Member Introductions

10:00 Public Comment (Five-minute limit per speaker)

10:10 Excellence in CSA Recognition

10:20 Action Item: Approval of June 2026 Minutes

10:25 SEC Policy Review – SEC Policy 4.1.1 – CHINS (Exempt Action)

Action Item: Approve Revisions to SEC Policy 4.1.1

10:35 SEC Policy Review – SEC Policy 4.5.1 – Protected Funds

Action Item: Approve Revisions to SEC Policy 4.5.1 for final 60-day public comment period

10:45 SEC Policy Review – SEC Policy 4.6 – Denial of Funds

Action Item: Approve Revisions to SEC Policy 4.6 for final 60-day public comment period

10:55 State and Local Advisory Team (SLAT) Report – Mills Jones, SLAT Chair

11:05 Presentation – Medicaid Behavioral Health Redesign – Lisa Jobe-Shields, Ph.D., Director
Division of Behavioral Health, Department of Medical Assistance Services

- 12:00 OCS Executive Director's Report** – Scott Reiner
- Framework for Effective CSA Governance, Accountability, Flexibility, Program Integrity, and Effectiveness
 - CSA Service Names Redesign Project
- 12:15 Member Remarks / Updates**
- 12:30 Closed Session – Personnel Matter**
- Closing Remarks and Adjourn** – Honorable Toni Blue

Remaining 2026 Meetings

December 10

Proposed 2027 Meetings

March 11, 2027
June 10, 2027
September 9, 2027
December 9, 2027



**STATE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL (SEC)
FOR CHILDREN'S SERVICES
1604 Santa Rosa Road
Richmond, VA 23229**

Meeting Minutes

Thursday, June 11, 2026

SEC Members Present:

Toni Blue, Deputy Secretary of Health and Human Resources for The Honorable Marvin Figueora,
Secretary of Health and Human Resources (**SEC Chair**)
The Honorable Laura Jane Cohen, Member, House of Delegates
Nedra Moncrief-Craig, Ph.D., Commissioner, Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services (DARS)
Cheryl Gallon, Deputy of Programs and Operations for Steve Ford, Director, Department of Medical
Assistance Services (DMAS)
The Honorable Amelia Ross-Hammond, Member, Virginia Beach City Council
Samantha Hollins, Ph.D., for Jenna Conway, Superintendent of Public Instruction,
Virginia Department of Education (VDOE)(**virtual**)
Mills Jones, Chair, State and Local Advisory Team (SLAT)
Sandra Karison for Karl Hade, Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia
The Honorable Chad Logan, Judge, 26th Judicial District, Juvenile and Domestic Relations
District Court
Andrea McMahon for Bob Bermingham, Director, Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ)
The Honorable Barbara Null, Member, James City County Board of Supervisors
Anahita Renner, Parent Representative
Ron Spears, CEO, Elk Hill, Private Provider Representative
Carl Street, Jr., Vice President for Behavioral Health Services, Youth for Tomorrow,
Private Provider Representative
Alyssa Ward, Ph.D., Chief Deputy Commissioner, for Daryl Washington, Commissioner,
Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (DBHDS)
Kristin Zagar, Chief Deputy Commissioner, for Duke Storen, Commissioner,
Virginia Department of Social Services (VDSS)

Other Staff Present:

Stephanie Bacote, Audit Manager, OCS
Gezelle Glasgow, Administrative Manager, OCS
Scott Reiner, Executive Director, OCS
Dr. Kristi Schabo, Policy and Operations Officer, OCS
Courtney Sexton, Program Consultant, OCS
Susan Whyte, Assistant Attorney General

Members Absent:

John Budesky, County Administrator, Hanover County
The Honorable Kevin Carroll, Member, Chesterfield County Board of Supervisors
The Honorable Jacob Holmes, Mayor, City of Bristol
Nancy Robbins, Parent Representative
Melvin Roy, Founder and CEO of Foster-U, Service Recipient Representative
The Honorable Schuyler VanValkenburg, Member, Senate of Virginia
Cameron Webb, MD, Commissioner, Virginia Department of Health (VDH)

Call to Order/Opening Remarks

It was noted that the Executive Director would preside over the meeting, as the Deputy Secretary was present but unable to speak due to a temporary loss of voice. Executive Director Scott Reiner called the meeting to order at 9:35 a.m. A quorum was established and the agenda approved.

Member Introductions

Council members introduced themselves to fellow members, OCS staff, and members of the public. Delegate Lauren Jane Cohen was recognized as the newly appointed member in attendance.

Public Comment

There was no public comment.

Excellence in CSA Recognition

As part of the SEC's Strategic Plan, the SEC has developed a process to acknowledge local CSA programs for excellence and best practices. The Excellence in CSA Award, established in March 2025, recognizes a local CSA program's commitment to positively impacting the lives of children, youth, and families through collaboration, authentic engagement, and a system of care.

Deputy Secretary of Health and Human Resources and SEC Chair Toni Blue presented the SEC's June 2026 Excellence in CSA Award to the Lee County CSA program on behalf of the Council.

Representatives from Lee County in attendance included:

- Glenda Collins, CPMT Chair
- Emily Ashley, CSA Coordinator

Approval of Minutes

The March 12, 2026, meeting minutes were approved on a motion by Barbara Null, seconded by Anahita Renner.

SEC Policy Review

Policy 4.5.1 – Protected Funds

Dr. Kristi Schabo, OCS Policy and Operations Officer, presented a Notice of Intent to Develop or Revise Policy 4.5.1. Protected Funds. Proposed Policy 4.5.1 changes to the existing policy align

the policy with the standard policy format adopted by the SEC in September 2022 by adding sections 4.5.1.1 (Purpose), 4.5.1.2 (Authority), 4.5.1.3 (Definitions), 4.5.1.4 (Protected Funds), and 4.5.1.5 (Policy Review), as well as footers to denote dates of Adoption, Effect, Revision, and page numbers. If approved by the SEC today, the next steps would be to disseminate policy 4.5.1 for a 45-day public comment period ending on July 30, 2026.

On a motion by Anahita Renner, seconded by Barbara Null, the SEC approved Policy 4.5.1 for a 45-day public comment period.

Policy 4.6 – Denial of Funds

Dr. Kristi Schabo, OCS Policy and Operations Officer, presented a Notice of Intent to Develop or Revise Policy 4.6, Denial of Funds. The proposed changes to the existing policy 4.6 align the policy with the standard policy format adopted by the State Executive Council in September 2022 by adding sections 4.6.1 (Purpose), 4.6.2 (Authority), 4.6.3 (Definitions), 4.6.4 (Denial of CSA State Matching Funds), 4.6.5 (Investigating Suspected or Determined NonCompliance by a Local CSA Program), and 4.6.6 (Policy Review), as well as footers to denote dates of adoption, effect, revision, and page numbers. If approved by the SEC today, the next steps would be to disseminate Policy 4.6 for a 45-day public comment period ending on July 30, 2026.

On a motion by Barbara Null, seconded by Dr. Amelia Ross-Hammond, the SEC approved Policy 4.6 for a 45-day public comment period.

State and Local Advisory Team (SLAT) Report

Mills Jones, Chair of the SLAT, reported on the following items:

- SLAT last convened on May 7, 2026; however, a quorum was not present.
- May was recognized as National Foster Care Month, and the meeting offered an opportunity to highlight statewide efforts to support children, families, and foster care partners.
- The Sponsored Residential Workgroup remains on schedule and will present its final report at the SEC September meeting.
- VDSS provided an update regarding the Preventing Sex Trafficking Designation for congregate care providers under the Family First Prevention Services Act. The designation and updates to guidance will enable access to Title IV-E federal funding for eligible foster care placements.
- VDOE provided an update regarding CSA training on the appropriate use of transition funds for students moving from private placements back to public schools.
- Concerns were raised regarding the circumstances under which “virtual” private day services are permitted or not permitted, indicating the need for further clarification and guidance.

OCS Executive Director’s Report

Mr. Reiner provided an update on recent OCS activities and welcomed the newly appointed Honorable Delegate Lauren Jane Cohen. He also expressed appreciation to Ronald Spears, thanking him for his service, as this meeting marked his final participation.

CSA Service Name Redesign Project

- Mr. Reiner provided an update on OCS's ongoing initiative to review and refine the standard CSA Service Names. He explained that the project involves updating current definitions to improve clarity, adding new services to reflect evolving practice needs, and removing categories that are outdated or overly broad. This work is part of a broader effort to enhance consistency and accountability across local programs. The revised service framework is expected to be finalized and presented to the SEC at its September meeting.
- DMAS is scheduled to deliver a detailed presentation at the September meeting on the Behavioral Health Redesign, which the CSA Service Names will reflect.

Framework for Effective CSA Governance, Accountability, Flexibility, Program Integrity, and Effectiveness

- Mr. Reiner noted that this effort aligns with ongoing process improvements for the Children's Services Act and will offer a practical toolkit for localities to use.

Mr. Reiner shared that program consultants Mary Bell and Courtney Sexton, attended a Language and Disability Access Training Program hosted by the Virginia Board for People with Disabilities and developed a simplified infographic outlining the rights of individuals seeking services through CSA.

Mr. Reiner provided a brief update on the status of the CSA budget, including proposed appropriations in the yet-to-be adopted Appropriation Act for FY2021-2028.

Member Remarks/Updates

Mr. Reiner thanked all members of the SEC for their hard work and dedication in assisting children and families.

Members provided updates on relevant upcoming events and ongoing activities within their respective agencies and organizations. Members also highlighted their continued efforts to strengthen services and improve service delivery for children, youth, and families across the Commonwealth through both agency work and advocacy efforts.

Closed Session

On a motion by Anahita Renner, seconded by Barbara Null and carried that the State Executive Council convene in a closed meeting pursuant to Virginia Code § 2.2-3711(A)(1), for the purpose of discussing a personnel matter and that the Council request that Susan Whyte, legal counsel to the Board as well as Jennifer Wright, Human Services Compliance Program Manager for the matter participate in the closed meeting. Ms. Null seconded the motion.

Return to Open Meeting

Deputy Secretary Blue reconvened the meeting in open session. The State Executive Council certified that only public business matters lawfully exempted from open meeting requirements under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act and only such public business matters as were identified in the

motion by which the closed meeting was convened were heard, discussed or considered in the closed meeting.

Closing Remarks and Adjournment

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 12:37 p.m. The next meeting is scheduled for September 10, 2026.

State Executive Council (SEC) for Children's Services

Notice of Intent to Develop/Revise Policy

Approved for Public Comment by the SEC: N/A

Public Comment Period Ends: N/A

Number and Name of Proposed/Revised Policy:

Policy 4.1.1 – Children in Need of Services (CHINS)

Basis and Purpose of the Proposed/Revised Policy:

The 2026 General Assembly (Senate Bill 18) amended the definition of a Child in Need of Services (CHINS) in [§16.228](#) to include the following:

(iii) a child under the age of *younger than 14 years of age* whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of another person; *or*
(iv) *a child younger than 11 years of age who has committed an act that would be delinquent if committed by a child 11 years of age or older;*

The proposed changes to this SEC policy conform the definition of a CHINS found in 4.1.1.2. and 4.1.1.3. with the new statutory language.

Summary of the Proposed Policy:

Policy 4.1.1 provides guidance to local Children's Services Act (CSA) programs regarding eligibility as a Child in Need of Services (CHINS). The proposed changes to this policy address only the legislative changes to the definition of CHINS in §16.228 of the Code of Virginia made during the 2026 legislative session.

In accordance with section 2.4.8 of Policy 2.4, Public Participation in Policy-Making Actions, this policy-making action is exempt from the provisions of Policy 4.4, as it is necessary to conform to changes in Virginia statutory law or the appropriation act where no agency discretion is involved. Additionally, notice of this policy change has been disseminated via public notice within ninety (90) days of the Code's effective date, July 1, 2026.

Preliminary Fiscal Impact Analysis:

As this population is currently being served through the CSA, there is no anticipated fiscal impact of the revisions to this policy on either the Commonwealth or local governments.

POLICY 4.1.1

CHILDREN IN NEED OF SERVICES (CHINS)

4.1.1.1 Purpose

To provide guidance to local Children's Services Act (CSA) programs regarding eligibility as a Child in Need of Services (CHINS).

4.1.1.2 Authority

- A. Section [2.2-2648.D.3](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Executive Council for Children's Services (SEC) to "Provide for the establishment of interagency programmatic and fiscal policies developed by the Office of Children's Services, which support the purposes of the Children's Services Act (§ 2.2-5200 et seq.), through the promulgation of regulations by the participating state boards or by administrative action, as appropriate."
- B. Section [2.2-2648.D.13](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Executive Council for Children's Services (SEC) to "Oversee the development and implementation of uniform guidelines for documentation for CSA-funded services."
- C. Section [2.2-5211.B.4](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the CSAS state pool of funds to serve the following target population: "Children and youth who are determined, by either a juvenile and domestic relations district court or a family assessment and planning team, to be a Child In Need of Services as defined in [§16.1-228](#) and requiring (i) community-based services to prevent or eliminate the need for an out of home placement, or (ii) placement outside of the home through an agreement between the public agency designated by the community policy and management team and the parents or legal guardians who retain legal custody of the child."
- D. Section [2.2-5212.A.4](#) of the Code of Virginia identifies a child who "Has been determined by either a juvenile and domestic relations district court or a family assessment and planning team, to be a Child In Need of Services as defined [§16.1.228](#)" as an eligible population for funding through the CSA state pool of funds.
- E. Section [16.1-228](#) of the Code of Virginia identifies a child in need of services as "(i) a child whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child; (ii) a child who remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian during one occasion and is demonstratively at risk of coercion, exploitation, abuse, or manipulation or has been lured from his parent or lawful custodian by means of trickery or misrepresentation or under false

Adopted: March 12, 2026

Effective: April 1, 2026

Revised: TBD

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pretenses; ~~or (iii) a child under the age of~~ *younger than 14 years of age* whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of another person; ~~or (iv) a child younger than 11 years of age who has committed an act that would be delinquent if committed by a child 11 years of age or older~~; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be a child in need of services, nor shall any child who habitually remains away from or habitually deserts or abandons his family as a result of what the court or the local child protective services unit determines to be incidents of physical, emotional, or sexual abuse in the home be considered a child in need of services for that reason alone."

4.1.1.3 Definitions

"Child" means any person under the age of 18.

"Child in Need of Services (CHINS)" means (i) a child whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child; (ii) a child who remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian during one occasion and is demonstratively at risk of coercion, exploitation, abuse, or manipulation or has been lured from his parent or lawful custodian by means of trickery or misrepresentation or under false pretenses; ~~or (iii) a child under the age of~~ *younger than 14 years of age* whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of another person; ~~or (iv) a child younger than 11 years of age who has committed an act that would be delinquent if committed by a child 11 years of age or older~~; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be a child in need of services, nor shall any child who habitually remains away from or habitually deserts or abandons his family as a result of what the court or the local child protective services unit determines to be incidents of physical, emotional, or sexual abuse in the home be considered a child in need of services for that reason alone."

"Community Policy and Management Team (CPMT)" is the entity responsible for developing, implementing, and monitoring the CSA local program through policy development, quality assurance, and oversight of its functions.

"Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT)" implements the CSA by recommending services for children and their families. The team considers every child and family's strengths and challenges to address their specific needs as best they can. Families are included in all FAPT assessments, service planning, and decision-making.

"Multidisciplinary Team (MDT)" is an alternative to a "standard" FAPT that provides an option to local CSA programs to provide review and recommendations for an identified group or type

of cases and can complete all the statutory duties of a standard FAPT, including a recommendation of services for authorization by the CPMT.

4.1.1.4 Eligibility as a Child in Need of Services

- A. State law mandates the provision of services through the CSA state pool of funds for CHINS-eligible youth (COV [§2.2-5212.4](#)) and requires that those services be considered sum-sufficiently funded under [§2.2-5211.B.4](#).
- B. The determination of CHINS eligibility shall be made in one of two ways:
 - 1. The FAPT or approved MDT shall determine whether the child meets the definition of a CHINS.
 - 2. A juvenile and domestic relations court finds that a child falls within the statutory definition, including that "(i) the conduct complained of must present a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health or to the life or health of another person, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not presently being received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation or services needed by the child or his family." (COV [§16.1-228](#))
- C. The FAPT shall document its determination using the CHINS Eligibility Determination Form (see Appendix A).
- D. Once a court or FAPT determines that a child is a CHINS, there is no requirement to reestablish eligibility as a CHINS for the duration of the child's continuing involvement with the CSA program. However, once the circumstances related to a child being determined to be a CHINS have been resolved and/or services have been successfully completed, the child is no longer considered a CHINS. If a child ceases to be a CHINS, the child may qualify as a CHINS again if a court or FAPT makes a new determination.
- E. The local CSA program is responsible for service planning and monitoring of services provided in accordance with all provisions of the Children's Services Act (COV [§2.2-5200 et seq.](#)).

4.1.1.5 Policy Review

This policy will be subject to periodic review by the State Executive Council for Children's Services.

Appendix A

Documentation of Eligibility Form

Child in Need of Services (CHINS)

Funded through the Children's Services Act (CSA)

Effective ~~April 1, 2026~~ September 10, 2026

Family Assessment and Planning Teams (FAPTs) or approved alternative Multidisciplinary Teams (MDTs), will use this standard eligibility documentation form to provide consistent application in determining CHINS eligibility across all local CSA programs. Localities shall use this form to document that the decision regarding the child's eligibility was made in accordance with the Code of Virginia and the State Executive Council for Children's Services Policy 4.1.1.¹

Name of Child:	Enter the child's name.
The FAPT (or approved MDT), in accordance with SEC Policy 4.1.1 and the policies of the CPMT, determines and documents that there are sufficient facts that the following criteria are met:	
The child meets the statutory definition of a Child in Need of Services (Code of Virginia, §16.1-228): "Child in need of services" means (i) a child whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child; (ii) a child who remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian during one occasion and is demonstratively at risk of coercion, exploitation, abuse, or manipulation or has been lured from his parent or lawful custodian by means of trickery or misrepresentation or under false pretenses; or (iii) a child under the age of <i>younger than 14 years of age</i> whose behavior, conduct, or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of another person; <i>or (iv) a child younger than 11 years of age who has committed an act that would be delinquent if committed by a child 11 years of age or older.</i>	
☐ A J&DR court has found that the child is in "need of services" in accordance with §16.1-228 ; and a copy of the court order is attached.	
☐ The FAPT or approved multidisciplinary team has determined that the child meets the statutory definition of a CHINS in accordance with §2.2-5211 and §2.2-5212 .	
☐ The FAPT has determined that the child does not meet the statutory definition of a CHINS in accordance with §2.2-5211 and §2.2-5212 , and the parent/guardian has been advised of their right to petition the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court for a CHINS determination.	
If the FAPT/MDT made the determination, briefly describe in specific terms the facts and time frames on which the Team based its conclusion that the child does or does not meet the statutory definition of CHINS found in the Code of Virginia, §16.1-228 (listed above): 	

¹ This checklist does not apply to abused or neglected children as defined in [§63.2-100](#), as they are otherwise eligible for foster care prevention services.

[illegible]

State Executive Council (SEC) for Children's Services

Notice of Intent to Develop/Revise Policy

Approved for Public Comment by the SEC: September 10, 2026

Public Comment Period Ends: November 13, 2026

Number and Name of Proposed/Revised Policy:

Policy 4.5.1 – Protected Funds

Basis and Purpose of the Proposed/Revised Policy:

Section [2.2-2648.D.3](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Executive Council to “provide for the establishment of interagency programmatic and fiscal policies developed by the Office of Children's Services, which support the purposes of the Children's Services Act (§ [2.2-5200](#) et seq.), through the promulgation of regulations by the participating state boards or by administrative action, as appropriate.”

The proposed changes to the existing policy 4.5.1 align the policy with the standard policy format adopted by the State Executive Council in September 2022 by adding sections 4.5.1.1 (Purpose), 4.5.1.2 (Authority), 4.5.1.3 (Definitions), 4.5.1.4(Protected Funds), and 4.5.1.5 (Policy Review), as well as footers to denote dates of Adoption, Effect, Revision, and page numbers.

Summary of the Proposed Policy:

Policy 4.5.1 provides guidance to local Children's Services Act (CSA) programs about the allocation and utilization of CSA-protected funds.

Preliminary Fiscal Impact Analysis:

There is no anticipated fiscal impact of the revisions to this policy on either the Commonwealth or local governments as the conditions of the proposed policy changes are already in place.

POLICY 4.5.1

PROTECTED FUNDS (~~ADOPTED 1994, REVISED 1995, 1996, 1997~~)

4.5.1.1 Purpose

To provide guidance to local Children's Services Act (CSA) programs about the allocation and utilization of CSA-protected funds.

4.5.1.2 Authority

- A. Section [2.2-2648.D.3](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Executive Council to "provide for the establishment of interagency programmatic and fiscal policies developed by the Office of Children's Services, which support the purposes of the Children's Services Act (§ [2.2-5200](#) et seq.), through the promulgation of regulations by the participating state boards or by administrative action, as appropriate."

4.5.1.3 Definitions

"CSA State Pool" is the state appropriation to reimburse localities for eligible expenditures under the Children's Services Act.

"Local Expenditure and Data Reimbursement System (LED RS)" means the required electronic system for reporting state CSA reimbursements and for data collection by local governments.

"Mandated Population" means children and youth for whom sum-sufficient funding must be appropriated and for specified services as defined in [§2.2-5211](#).

"Non-Mandated Population" means children and youth who meet the CSA eligibility criteria outlined in [§2.2-5211](#), but do not fall into one of the mandated populations.

"Protected Funds" means a specific amount of funds that can be used to serve youth who fall into the "non-mandated population."

"Sum Sufficient Funds" as defined in [§2.2-5211.C](#) means that the "General Assembly and the governing body of each county and city shall annually appropriate such sums of money as shall be sufficient to (i) provide special education services and foster care services for children and youth identified in subdivisions B 1 through 4 and 6 and 7 and (ii) meet relevant federal mandates for the provision of these services."

4.5.1.4 *Protected Funds*

Each year, localities may protect a specific portion of the state pool to provide services to ~~targeted non-mandated and other eligible~~ populations. The amount that each locality is permitted to protect is determined by formula and is in no case less than \$10,000. Each locality will be notified of *the amount of its protection level protected funds* prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. *Expenditure of protected funds is discretionary, and local CSA programs are not required to appropriate funds to serve children and youth in the non-sum-sufficient population utilizing protected funds.*

4.5.1.5 *Policy Review*

This policy will be subject to periodic review by the State Executive Council for Children's Services.

DRAFT

**Public Comments and Responses – Proposed Revisions to State Executive Council for Children’s Services
Policy 4.5.1 “Protected Funds”**

#	Commenter	Public Comments	OCS Response
		No public comment was submitted regarding this policy.	

State Executive Council (SEC) for Children's Services

Notice of Intent to Develop/Revise Policy

Approved for Public Comment by the SEC: September 10, 2026

Public Comment Period Ends: November 13, 2026

Number and Name of Proposed/Revised Policy:

Policy 4.6 – Denial of Funds

Basis and Purpose of the Proposed/Revised Policy:

Section [2.2-2648.D.3](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Executive Council to “provide for the establishment of interagency programmatic and fiscal policies developed by the Office of Children's Services, which support the purposes of the Children's Services Act (§ [2.2-5200](#) et seq.), through the promulgation of regulations by the participating state boards or by administrative action, as appropriate.”

Section [2.2-2648.D.20](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Executive Council to “Deny state funding to a locality, in accordance with subdivision 19, where the CPMT fails to provide services that comply with the Children's Services Act (§ [2.2-5200](#) et seq.), any other state law or policy, or any federal law pertaining to the provision of any service funded in accordance with § [2.2-5211](#).”

[Item 268 \(section B.e\) of the Virginia Appropriation Act](#) states that “The Office of Children's Services, per the policy of the State Executive Council, shall deny state pool funding to any locality not in compliance with federal and state requirements pertaining to the provision of special education and foster care services funded in accordance with § [2.2-5211](#), Code of Virginia.”

Section [37.2-405](#) of the Code of Virginia (Behavioral Health and Developmental Services) requires that:

- A. “No provider shall establish, conduct, maintain, or operate or continue to operate in the Commonwealth any service, without being licensed under this article, except where the provider is exempt from licensing.

- B. No license issued under this article shall be assignable or transferable.
- C. No person shall be admitted, placed, treated, maintained, housed, or otherwise kept, voluntarily or involuntarily, by any provider required to be licensed by subsection A, unless and until the provider is licensed by the Commissioner.”

Section [16.1-309.9.A](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Board of Juvenile Justice to “... develop, promulgate and approve standards for the development, implementation, operation and evaluation of the range of community-based programs, services and facilities authorized by this article. The State Board shall also approve minimum standards for the construction and equipment of detention homes or other facilities and for food, clothing, medical attention, and supervision of juveniles to be housed in these facilities and programs.” Additionally, [§16.1-309.9.B](#) states that the State Board of Juvenile Justice may “...prohibit, by its order, the placement of juveniles in any place of residence which does not comply with the minimum standards. It may limit the number of juveniles to be detained or housed in a detention home or other facility and may designate some other place of detention or housing for juveniles who would otherwise be held therein.”

Section [63.2-217](#) of the Code of Virginia authorize the State Board of Social Services to “...adopt such regulations, not in conflict with this title, as may be necessary or desirable to carry out the purpose of this title.” These licensing regulations and standards Additionally, [§63.2-1734](#) directs that the State Board of Social Services “...shall adopt regulations for the activities, services, and facilities to be employed by persons and agencies required to be licensed under this subtitle, which shall be designed to ensure that such activities, services, and facilities are conducive to the welfare of the children under the custody or control of such persons or agencies.” [§63.2-1701.B](#) directs that “Every person who constitutes, or who operates or maintains, an assisted living facility, adult day center, or child welfare agency shall obtain the appropriate license from the Commissioner, which may be renewed. “ Furthermore, [§63.2-1737](#) directs that the State Board of Social Services “shall adopt regulations establishing the Department as the single licensing agency for the regulation of children's residential facilities, including group homes, which provide social services programs, with the exception of educational programs licensed by the

Department of Education and facilities regulated by the Department of Juvenile Justice.”

Section [22.1-289.046](#) of the Code of Virginia require that the Virginia State Board of Education to “...adopt regulations for the activities, services, and facilities to be employed by persons and agencies required to be licensed under this chapter, which shall be designed to ensure that such activities, services, and facilities are conducive to the welfare of the children under the control of such persons or agencies.” Additionally, [§22.1-323.A](#) directs that “No person shall open, operate, or conduct any school for students with disabilities in the Commonwealth without a license to operate such school issued by the Board. A license shall be issued for a school if it is in compliance with the regulations of the Board issued pursuant to this chapter, any fee for such license has been paid, and its facilities are approved by the Board after an inspection by the Department.” Furthermore, [§2.2-5211](#) requires that CSA funds for private special education services “shall only be expended on private educational programs that are licensed by the Board of Education or an equivalent out-of-state licensing agency.”

The proposed changes to the existing policy 4.6 align the policy with the standard policy format adopted by the State Executive Council in September 2022 by adding sections 4.6.1 (Purpose), 4.6.2 (Authority), 4.6.3 (Definitions), 4.6.4 (Denial of CSA State Matching Funds), 4.6.5 (Investigating Suspected or Determined Non-Compliance by a Local CSA Program), and 4.6.6 (Policy Review), as well as footers to denote dates of adoption, effect, revision, and page numbers.

Summary of the Proposed Policy:

Policy 4.6 provides guidance to local Children’s Services Act (CSA) programs about the denial of CSA state matching funds.

Preliminary Fiscal Impact Analysis:

There is no anticipated fiscal impact of the revisions to this policy on either the Commonwealth or local governments as the conditions of the proposed policy changes are already in place.

POLICY 4.6

DENIAL OF FUNDS

4.6.1 Purpose

To provide guidance to local Children's Services Act (CSA) programs about the denial of CSA state matching funds.

4.6.2 Authority

- A. Section [2.2-2648.D.3](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Executive Council to “provide for the establishment of interagency programmatic and fiscal policies developed by the Office of Children's Services, which support the purposes of the Children's Services Act (§ [2.2-5200](#) et seq.), through the promulgation of regulations by the participating state boards or by administrative action, as appropriate.”
- B. Section [2.2-2648.D.20](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Executive Council to “Deny state funding to a locality, in accordance with subdivision 19, where the CPMT fails to provide services that comply with the Children's Services Act (§ [2.2-5200](#) et seq.), any other state law or policy, or any federal law pertaining to the provision of any service funded in accordance with § [2.2-5211](#).”
- C. [Item 268, B. 1. e. of the Virginia Appropriation Act](#) states that “The Office of Children's Services, per the policy of the State Executive Council, shall deny state pool funding to any locality not in compliance with federal and state requirements pertaining to the provision of special education and foster care services funded in accordance with § [2.2-5211](#), Code of Virginia.”
- D. Section [37.2-405](#) of the Code of Virginia (Behavioral Health and Developmental Services) requires that:
 - A. “No provider shall establish, conduct, maintain, or operate or continue to operate in the Commonwealth any service, without being licensed under this article, except where the provider is exempt from licensing.
 - B. No license issued under this article shall be assignable or transferable.
 - C. No person shall be admitted, placed, treated, maintained, housed, or otherwise kept, voluntarily or involuntarily, by any provider required to be licensed by subsection A, unless and until the provider is licensed by the Commissioner.”

- E. Section [16.1-309.9. A.](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the State Board of Juvenile Justice to "... develop, promulgate and approve standards for the development, implementation, operation and evaluation of the range of community-based programs, services and facilities authorized by this article. The State Board shall also approve minimum standards for the construction and equipment of detention homes or other facilities and for food, clothing, medical attention, and supervision of juveniles to be housed in these facilities and programs." Additionally, [§16.1-309.9.B](#) states that the State Board of Juvenile Justice may "...prohibit, by its order, the placement of juveniles in any place of residence which does not comply with the minimum standards. It may limit the number of juveniles to be detained or housed in a detention home or other facility and may designate some other place of detention or housing for juveniles who would otherwise be held therein."
- F. Section [63.2-217](#) of the Code of Virginia authorizes the State Board of Social Services to "...adopt such regulations, not in conflict with this title, as may be necessary or desirable to carry out the purpose of this title." Additionally, [§63.2-1734](#) directs that the State Board of Social Services "...shall adopt regulations for the activities, services, and facilities to be employed by persons and agencies required to be licensed under this subtitle, which shall be designed to ensure that such activities, services, and facilities are conducive to the welfare of the children under the custody or control of such persons or agencies." [§63.2-1701.B](#) directs that "Every person who constitutes, or who operates or maintains, an assisted living facility, adult day center, or child welfare agency shall obtain the appropriate license from the Commissioner, which may be renewed." Furthermore, [§63.2-1737](#) directs that the State Board of Social Services "shall adopt regulations establishing the Department as the single licensing agency for the regulation of children's residential facilities, including group homes, which provide social services programs, with the exception of educational programs licensed by the Department of Education and facilities regulated by the Department of Juvenile Justice."
- G. Section [22.1-289.046](#) of the Code of Virginia requires the Virginia State Board of Education to "...adopt regulations for the activities, services, and facilities to be employed by persons and agencies required to be licensed under this chapter, which shall be designed to ensure that such activities, services, and facilities are conducive to the welfare of the children under the control of such persons or agencies." Additionally, [§22.1-323.A.](#) directs that "No person shall open, operate, or conduct any school for students with disabilities in the Commonwealth without a license to operate such school issued by the Board. A license shall be issued for a school if it is in compliance with the regulations of the Board issued pursuant to this chapter, any fee for such license has been paid, and its facilities are approved by the Board after an inspection by the Department." Furthermore, [§2.2-5211](#) requires that CSA funds for private special education services "shall only be expended on private educational programs that are licensed by the Board of Education or an equivalent out-of-state licensing agency."

Adopted: TBD

Effective: TBD

Revised: 2026

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4.6.3 Definitions

“Community Policy and Management Team (CPMT)” is the entity that develops, implements, and monitors the CSA local program through policy development, quality assurance, and oversight of functions.

“CSA State Matching Funds” is the state share of the financial contributions provided by localities through the Children’s Services Act, as determined by the established state and local CSA state match rates.

“Local Expenditure and Data Reimbursement System (LED RS)” is the required electronic system for reporting state CSA reimbursements and for data collection by local governments.

“Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT)” implements the CSA by recommending services for children and families. The team considers every child and family's strengths and challenges to address their specific needs as best they can. Families are included in all FAPT assessments, service planning, and decision-making.

“Multidisciplinary Team (MDT)” is an alternative to a “standard” FAPT that provides an option to local CSA programs to provide review and recommendations for an identified group or type of cases, and can complete all of the statutory duties of a standard FAPT, including recommending services for authorization by the CPMT.

“Office of Children's Services (OCS)” serves as the administrative entity of the executive branch of state government and the SEC to ensure that the decisions and policies of the Council are implemented in accordance with the powers and duties granted by statute in the Code of Virginia.

“Participating Agencies,” for the purpose of this policy, refers to any state or local child-serving agencies represented in the CSA system of care. These include, but are not limited to, the Department of Social Services, the Department of Education, the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Department of Medical Assistance Services, the Department of Juvenile Justice, local court services units, local school divisions, local departments of social services, and community services boards or behavioral health authorities.

4.6.4 Denial of CSA State Matching Funds

~~All of the requirements specific to the CSA are outlined in the Code of Virginia and the Appropriation Act. The statutory requirements and authority of the Council ([§2.2-2648](#)), the State and Local Advisory Team ([§2.2-5202](#)), the OCS ([§2.2-2649](#)), the local Community Policy and Management Team ([§2.2-5206](#)), and the local Family Assessment and Planning Team ([§2.2-5208](#)) are described. Additional requirements are found in the CSA ([§2.2-5200 et. seq.](#)), the Appropriation Act and Council policy. Violations of any state or federal law or policy may result in denial of funds.~~

~~Denials of CSA state matching funds are based on a locality's failure to comply with, or violations of, statutory requirements and/or policy, whether they are specific to the CSA or are those promulgated by the participating agencies.~~

- A. *Denials of CSA state matching funds are based on a locality's failure to comply with, or violations of, statutory, regulatory, and/or policy requirements, whether they are specific to the CSA or are promulgated by the participating agencies.*
- B. Any service ~~which~~ *that* requires licensure can only be rendered by a provider licensed to provide that service in Virginia *or, for private special education services, by the Board of Education or an equivalent out-of-state licensing agency.* ~~State law requiring licensure of providers may be found at §37.2-405. (NOTE: This citation is specific to services licensed by the Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. §16.1-309.9 authorizes the Department of Juvenile Justice to regulate community-based facilities and services; §§ 63.2-217, 63.2-1732, 63.2-1733, 63.2-1734 authorize the State Board of Social Services and Child Day Care Council to regulate facilities and agencies serving adults and children; §22.1-323 authorizes the Board of Education to license private schools for students with disabilities.)~~
- C. Any state or local agency, or CPMT, that has cause to believe that the statutory requirements of CSA, including those relating to licensure, are not being met *for CSA-funded services by a locality* shall contact the Executive Director of the OCS. State agencies are responsible for notifying the OCS when a provider *licensed by that agency* loses its license or is subject to an adverse licensure action, even if that provider is not currently billing for CSA-funded services. OCS will make reasonable efforts to notify localities of such actions.
- D. Copies of *annual local Single Audit and Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports*, which include a review of CSA funding, must be provided to the OCS within three business days from presentation to the local governing body. If the local audit determines that services provided that affect CSA, for example, Title IV-E, were inappropriate, the locality must inform the OCS.

4.6.5 Investigating Suspected Non-Compliance

~~Steps A-F outline the procedures followed to investigate suspected or determined non-compliance by a locality.~~

- A. The OCS will investigate the issue ~~complaint~~ by reviewing available data, including but not limited to documentation submitted *with the report* ~~by the complainant~~, CSA data set

Adopted: TBD

Effective: TBD

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LEDRS Data and CSA state matching funds reimbursed to the locality ~~fiscal pool fund reporting reimbursement~~, local financial and program records, including CPMT and FAPT/MDT minutes, *relevant licensure data bases*, other information supplied by the locality and interviewing appropriate individuals, if necessary. The OCS may consult with the Office of the Attorney General and any other parties it deems appropriate.

- B. State and local agencies, including ~~the one those~~ reporting ~~the alleged potential inappropriate use of funds violations~~, shall supply any necessary and/or requested supporting documentation relevant to the ~~allegation situation~~.
- C. If the OCS is unable to determine the validity of the report or determines there was no violation, the incident is closed with notification to the reporting ~~state~~ agency and the CPMT in question.
- D. If the OCS suspects non-compliance but has not yet made *such* a determination, ~~of such~~, the OCS shall communicate with the chief administrative officer of the locality and the CPMT Chair, as appropriate, to resolve the issue.
- E. If the OCS determines that a violation of state law or policy, or any federal law pertaining to the provision of any service funded in accordance with [§2.2-5211](#) has occurred, the OCS will notify the chief administrative officer of the local government and the CPMT chair within five (5) business days. The OCS will request *that* the locality immediately discontinue ~~that practice~~ *the identified service*, and the locality should notify any affected providers *and service recipients*. The OCS will also describe ~~the~~ any *additional* actions it intends to take, if any. Such actions may include, but ~~is~~ *are* not limited to, a corrective action plan developed in consultation with the locality and/or denial of state funding. Failure of the OCS to meet the *five-day* timeline does not ~~preclude~~ *prevent* the OCS from denying funds or recovering payments.
- F. If another state *or local* agency learns during the course of its work (routine reviews, audits, complaint investigations, etc.) of a violation of state law affecting the provision of services under the CSA, the agency shall contact the *Executive Director of the OCS*. They shall ~~and~~ explain what agency policy or federal or state law is involved, how the other agency believes the violation has occurred, and the impact of, or relationship to, the CSA.
- G. If the OCS becomes aware of a violation of another agency's laws, policies, or requirements that affects the provision of services funded by the CSA, the Executive Director (or designee) will contact the ~~appropriate staff person at the~~ other agency. The OCS will provide any supporting documentation requested by the other agency.

- H. The OCS may review payments and conduct audits for a period of time, three years before or after the date of the alleged noncompliance (not to exceed a total of three years), regardless of the date of discovery of the alleged noncompliance.
- I. Should the OCS discover noncompliance, the OCS may request that the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) or the Office of the Inspector General (OSIG) determine whether to ~~pursue~~ request an *independent* audit or investigation of a locality. This policy should not be construed to put any limitations on the APA, OSIG, or other parties that have responsibilities regarding the *use of* Commonwealth's or federal funds and their investigation of the use of those funds.

~~This policy takes effect July 1, 2011. Pursuant to [§2.2-2648](#), the OCS may deny funding to local governments not in compliance with the provisions of the CSA and federal and state law.~~

4.6.6 Policy Review

This policy will be subject to periodic review by the State Executive Council for Children's Services.

**Public Comments and Responses – Proposed Revisions to State Executive Council for Children’s Services
Policy 4.6 “Denial of Funds”**

#	Commenter	Public Comments	OCS Response
	King William County Community Policy and Management Team	King William County CPMT would like to suggest the following change to section 4.6.4.C: Any state of local agency, or CPMT, that has cause to believe that the statutory requirements of CSA, including those relating to licensure, are not being met <i>for CSA-funded services by a locality shall contact will make reasonable efforts to notify the Executive Director of the OCS of such failures to meet statutory requirements.</i> State agencies are responsible for notifying the OCS when a provider <i>licensed by that agency loses its license or is subject to an adverse licensure action</i>, even if that provider is not currently billing for <i>CSA-funded</i> services. OCS will make reasonable efforts to notify localities of <i>such actions</i>.	The current denial of funds policy maintains a requirement that local CPMT’s shall notify the Executive Director of OCS if there is cause to believe that a statutory requirement of CSA, including those relating to licensure, are not being met by localities. The modification suggested by King William County CPMT would eliminate that requirement and replace it with language that the locality make “reasonable efforts” to notify the Executive Director of OCS. This is a substantive change to the current policy which would make notification of statutory infractions by the locality discretionary and relative to an undefined standard (“reasonable efforts”). The changes suggested by King William County CPMT would create a loophole to notification and can be seen as a violation of §2.2-2648.D.20, of the Code of Virginia, which requires the State Executive Council to “Deny state funding to a locality, in accordance with subdivision 19, where the CPMT fails to provide services that comply with the Children's Services Act (§2.2-5200 et seq.), any other state law or policy, or any federal law pertaining to the provision of any service funded in accordance with §2.2-5211.”

CSA Governance Framework

The Five Pillars of Strong Local Governance

A concise overview of the core principles guiding CSA program operations and decision-making.

1



Program Integrity

Ensure services meet actual needs while safeguarding public resources.

- Operates as intended and in compliance with laws
- Prevents inefficient or ineffective practices
- Requires accurate documentation and oversight

2



Accountability

Promote ownership of decisions, actions, and outcomes.

- Leaders remain informed on trends and data
- Regular reviews of service adequacy and effectiveness
- Reform practices and eliminate wasteful activities

3

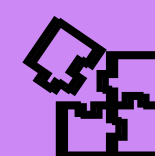


Effectiveness

Focus on improving outcomes for children and families.

- Clear goals and performance measurement
- Consistent data collection and evaluation
- Findings used for continuous improvement

4



Flexibility

Tailor services to meet community needs within law and policy.

- Community-based, family-focused approaches
- Local rate negotiation and individualized planning
- Flexibility does not mean overriding policy

5



Best Practices in Service Planning

Create strong, actionable, measurable service plans.

- Needs driven by assessment data
- Clear, measurable objectives
- Youth and family voice included
- Regular review, progress monitoring, and adjustments

CSA Governance Framework

The Five Pillars of Strong Local Governance

A concise overview of the core principles guiding CSA program operations and decision-making.



Program Integrity

Ensure CSA operates as intended and uses resources responsibly.

- Services meet actual needs
- Compliance with laws and policies
- Oversight prevents inefficiency
- Clear documentation and quality control

1



Accountability

Promote ownership of actions, decisions, and results.

- Leaders stay informed in trends and data
- Regular review of service adequacy
- Corrective action when services are ineffective
- Recognition of strong performance

2



Effectiveness

Ensure children and families improve.

- Clear goals and indicators
- Data tracking and consistent evaluation
- Outcome-driven decisions
- Continuous improvement

3



Flexibility

Tailor services to community needs within policy boundaries.

- Community-based, family-focused services
- Local rate negotiation
- Individualized service planning
- Flexibility does not mean overriding policy or funding all allowable services

4



Service Planning Best Practices

Build strong service plans with measurable, need-driven objectives.

- Needs identified through assessment
- Prioritized actionable goals
- Youth and family voice included
- Regular reviews and progress monitoring
- Adjustments based on outcomes

5

CSA Governance Toolkit: Key Resources for Local CSA Programs

A resource to support strong governance, accountability, flexibility, effectiveness, and best practices within local CSA programs.



Framework Presentation

A clear overview of local CSA governance structures, roles, and decision-making processes to support consistent, effective oversight across agencies.

Model UR Form and Guidance

A Sample Utilization Review (UR) form accompanied by guidance to help teams assess service effectiveness, monitor progress, and ensure alignment with CSA requirements.



Local Examples of Accountability and Monitoring

Illustrations of how localities document, track, and evaluate service delivery, including policies, procedures, and reporting formats that strengthen transparency and compliance.

Local Service Planning Best Practices

Tools and approaches that support high-quality service planning, such as structured meeting templates, strengths-based planning guides, and collaborative decision-making methods.



Strategic Planning Resources

Materials to assist CPMTs and FAPTs in long-term planning, including goal-setting aids, data review frameworks, and methods for assessing system performance and emerging needs.

Reflective Questions

A set of prompts to help teams evaluate current practices, identify strengths and gaps, and consider improvements in governance, collaboration, and service outcomes.



**STANDARDIZED SERVICE NAMES
CSA Purchased Services
SEPTEMBER 2026**

Please Note: All definitions contained in this document are preliminary and should not be interpreted as the final or official policy or directives of the Office of Children's Services or the State Executive Council for Children's Services. This is a working draft intended to evolve through collaborative feedback with stakeholders and iterative revision before a final version is released.

Notes:

- Purchased services should be described as specifically and discretely as possible in the youth's IFSP, the purchase order, and on invoices for payment. Try to avoid "bundled" services, which may include several discrete services and may have different rates for each component.

Purpose of document: This document provides the definitions of service categories for use by localities in reporting to receive state reimbursement for expenditures under the Children's Services Act.

Acute Psychiatric Hospitalization (REVISED)

Applied Behavior Analysis

Assessment and Diagnostic Program (NEW)

Assessment/Evaluation (REVISED)

Attachment Therapy (NEW)

Behavioral Health Case Management (NEW)

Brief Strategic Family Therapy (BSFT)

~~Case Support~~

Case Support – Tier 1 (Community-Based Services) (NEW)

Case Support – Tier 2 (Out-of-Home Placement) (NEW)

Community Psychiatric Support and Treatment (CPST) Community-Based (Tier 1 and 2) (NEW)

Community Psychiatric Support and Treatment (CPST) School-Based (Tier 1 and 2) (NEW)

Crisis Intervention (REVISED)

~~Crisis Stabilization~~

Crisis Stabilization – Community-Based (NEW)

Crisis Stabilization – Residential (NEW)

Enhanced Community Supervision (NEW)

Family Check Up (NEW)

Family Partnership Facilitation (LDSS)

Family or Youth Support Partner – High-Fidelity Wraparound (NEW)

Family or Youth Support Partner (Not High-Fidelity Wraparound) (NEW)

~~Family Support Services~~

Foster Care Permanency/Reunification Services and Supports (NEW)

Foster Care Supports (NEW)

Functional Family Therapy

High Fidelity Wraparound (NEW)

HomeBuilders (NEW)

Independent Living Arrangement (NEW)

Independent Living Services

Independent Living Stipend

~~Individualized Support Services~~

~~Intensive Care Coordination/High Fidelity Wraparound~~

~~Intensive Care Coordination Family Support Partner~~

Interpreter Services (NEW)

~~Intensive In-Home Services~~

Maintenance – Basic

Maintenance – Clothing Supplement

Maintenance – Child Care Assistance

Maintenance – Enhanced

Maintenance – Independent Living

Maintenance – Basic KinGap

Maintenance – Enhanced KinGap

~~**Maintenance – Transportation**~~

Maintenance – Transportation (Non-BID) (NEW)

Maintenance – Transportation (BID) (NEW)

Material Support (REVISED)

Medical/Dental Costs (NEW)

~~**Mental Health Case Management**~~

~~**Mental Health Skill Building**~~

~~**Mentoring**~~

Mentoring – Non-Therapeutic (NEW)

Mentoring – Therapeutic (NEW)

Motivational Interviewing (MI)

Multisystemic Therapy (MST)

Other

Outpatient Therapeutic Services (REVISED)

Parent-Child Interaction Therapy (PCIT)

Parent Coaching/Education/Skill-building (NEW)

Private Day School

~~**Private Foster Care Support, Supervision, and Administration**~~

Private Residential School

Public School Special Education Transitional Services

Recreational, After-School Program, Summer Camp (NEW)

Residential Combined (Children's Residential Facility) – DSS-licensed (NEW)

Residential Combined (Therapeutic Group Home) – DBHDS-Licensed (NEW)

Residential Combined (PRTF) (NEW)

Residential Diversion (NEW)

Residential Education – Congregate Care Setting (includes A&D, PRTF, and TGH)

Residential One-to-One (NEW)

~~Residential Room and Board~~

~~Residential Case Management~~

~~Residential Daily Supervision~~

~~Residential Supplemental Therapies~~

~~Residential Medical Counseling~~

Respite

Special Education Related Services (REVISED)

Sponsored Residential Home Services

~~Substance Abuse Case Management~~

Supervised Visitation (NEW)

~~Therapeutic Day Treatment for Children and Adolescents~~

~~Transportation~~

Trauma-Focused Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (TF-CBT)

Treatment Foster Care Support, Supervision, and Administration (NEW)

Treatment Foster Care Case Management

Utilization Review