

#### Office of Children's Services

Empowering communities to serve youth

#### CSA PROGRAM AUDITS: Understanding Internal Controls in CSA Programs

Presented by Stephanie Bacote and Annette Larkin March 23, 2017



Introduction: Purpose and Objectives



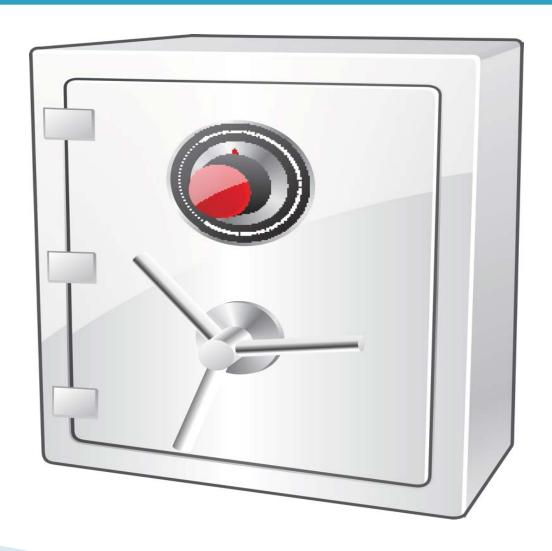
#### **Purpose:**

To educate participants on the definition of internal controls, the organizational responsibility for establishing an internal control structure, and the various types of control activities.

#### **Objective:**

In a classroom setting, participants will recognize their role in the internal control structure within their locally administered CSA program.

#### Understanding Internal Controls in CSA







### What are Internal Controls?

Internal controls are steps taken to provide reasonable assurance that the following objectives are met:

- Assets are safeguarded,
- Reliable information/data,
- •Effective and efficient operations, and
- •Compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, procedures, contracts, etc.

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#### Understanding Internal Controls in CSA

#### What are Internal Controls: Fundamental Concepts

- 1. Internal Controls are <u>processes</u>, a means to an end, not an end in itself.
- 2. Internal Controls are effected by <u>people</u>, not merely policy manuals and forms but people at every level of the organization.
- 3. Internal Controls are geared to the achievement of <u>objectives</u>.
- 4. Internal Controls can be expected to provide only reasonable assurance, not absolute assurance.

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#### Reasonable Assurance

Cost of achieving the internal control objectives should not exceed its benefit







#### **CATEGORIES of CONTROLS**

#### **Hard Controls**

- Policy/procedures
- Organization structure
- Formal processes
- Centralized decision making

#### **Soft Controls**

- Competence
- Trust
- Shared values
- Strong leadership
- High expectations
- Openness
- High ethical standards





#### Who is responsible for <u>compliance</u> with Internal Controls?



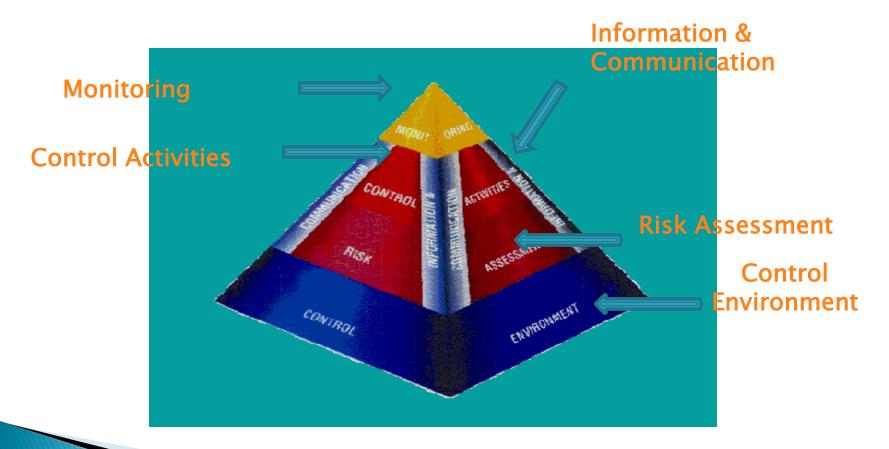
<u>All STAKEHOLDERS</u> are responsible for compliance with internal controls.



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#### Five Components of Internal Controls

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#### What is the Control Environment?

- Atmosphere reflecting underlying corporate values
  - Provides structure and discipline
  - Foundation for all other components of internal controls

1



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#### **Control Environment**

Community Policy and Management Team

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- Code of Ethics
- Mission Statement
- Goals and Objectives
- Strategic Plan/ Long Range Plan



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#### **Control Environment**

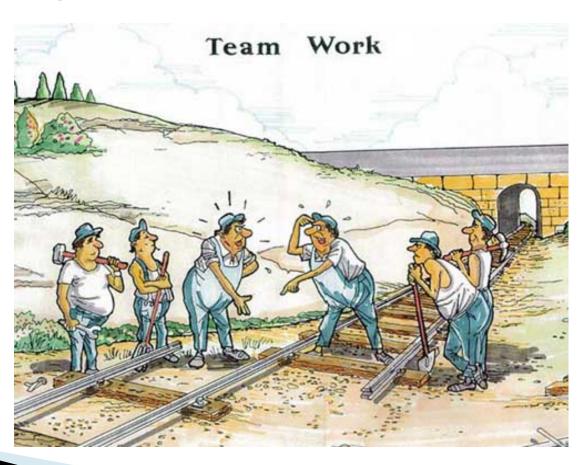
Organizations with an Effective Control Environment

- Sets a positive "tone at the top"
- · Hires and retain competent people
- Fosters integrity and control consciousness
- Formalize and clearly communicates policies and procedures resulting in...



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# Control Environment Shared Values and Teamwork





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#### What is a Risk Assessment?

2

 The identification and analysis of relevant risks that may prevent an entity from achieving objectives.



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#### Risk Assessment



- Identification of Risk-Significant condition resulting from no action being taken, the wrong action being taken, or the right action not taken in a timely manner
- Analysis of Risk analyzing the identified risk and its likelihood of occurrence an its impact to the organization

2



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#### Risk Assessment

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- Analysis of risks related to achieving agency objectives
  - Management of Risk -steps taken to prevent losses or reduce the impact if a loss occurring



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## Analysis of Risk





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#### Risk Assessment

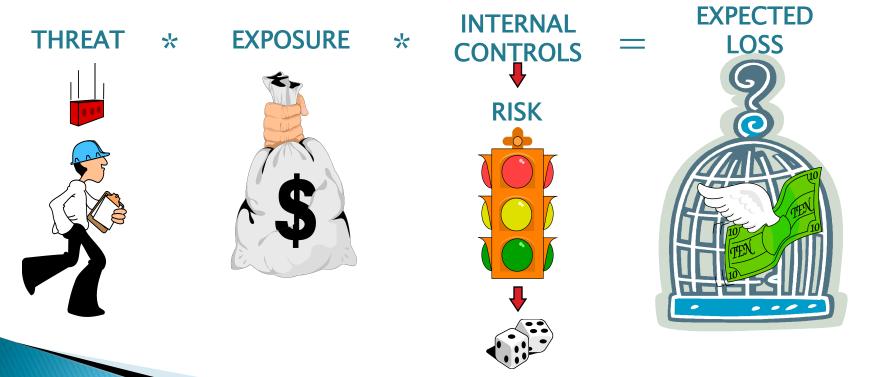
- Tools to identify risk
  - CSA Self Assessment
  - Annual Gap Survey
  - Utilization Management Reports

2





## Management of Risk



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## 10 Critical Organizational Risks

- 1. Financial
- 2. Legal Liability
- 3. Regulatory Compliance
- 4. Organizational Image
- 5. Organization-Specific

- 6. Data Integrity and Reliability
- Confidentiality of Data
- 8. Safeguarding Proprietary Data
- 9. Contingency Planning
- 10. Operations



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#### What are Control Activities?



- Assure management's directives are carried out.
- Sufficient to help ensure that you are managing your significant risks.

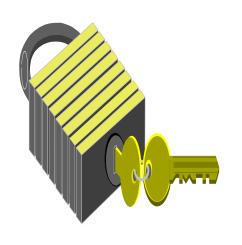
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# **Control Activities**

## Types of Internal Control







**Preventive** 

**Detective** 

**Corrective** 



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#### **Control Activities**

- · Preventive:
  - Segregation of duties
  - Proper authorization
  - Limiting access to files and systems
- · Detective:
  - Review of performance
  - Reconciliation



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#### **Control Activities**

#### Corrective:

- Exception Reports
- Corrective Action Plans
- Recoupment of Funds
- Legal Action

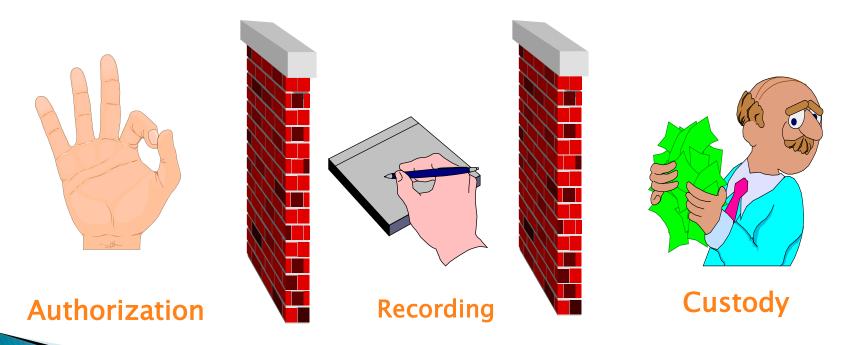
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# Control Activities

Segregation of Duties - Preventive



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# Control Activities-Preventive What needs to be approved?

- Depends on the risk assessment.
- High risk activities should be approved by senior management.
- Approval means that the approver has reviewed the supporting documentation and is satisfied that the transaction is appropriate.





#### Control Activities - Preventive



# Certain activities or transactions require supervisor approval.









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### Control Activities – Preventive Verification

Be an A reviewer of reports

- ▶ Is the information Accurate?
- Is the information Complete?
- Are the operations Efficient?

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#### Control Activities – Preventive

Security of Assets – restrict access to <u>assets</u> and <u>information</u> to authorized personnel







#### Control Activities – Detective

#### Review of Operating Performance





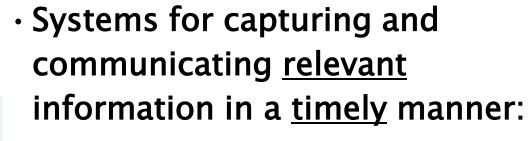


Reconciliations



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#### What is Information and Communication?



- Maintain clear and open lines of communication
- Understand your role in the internal control system
- Move important information to the top of the organization





#### Understanding Internal Controls in CSA

#### What is Monitoring?



- The assessment of internal control performance over time to determine whether internal control is adequately designed, properly executed, and effective.
  - Ongoing supervisory activities lessen the need for separate evaluations
  - Periodic evaluations (self-assessment, peer review, internal/external audits)



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#### Monitoring

- Stakeholder Monitoring
  - CSA Coordinator Monitors own work to ensure it is being done properly; complying with internal /external policies and procedures, correct errors identified, detect and communicate problems with existing policies and procedures; and report changes in their immediate internal and external environments



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#### Monitoring

- · Stakeholder Monitoring
  - Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT)
  - Monitoring focus should be on ensuring that control activities are functioning properly; the families being served are accomplishing goals; communication is open and sufficient; and risks and opportunities are identified and properly addressed. The FAPT is responsible for assessing the strengths and needs of troubled youths and families who are approved for referral to the team and identify and determine the complement of services required to meet these unique needs.

5



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#### Monitoring



• Community Policy and Management Team (CPMT) – Monitoring responsibilities should cover the review of how well controls are functioning fiscally and programmatically for the local CSA program. Therefore, the CPMT shall manage the cooperative effort in each community to better serve the needs of troubled and at-risk youths and their families and to maximize the use of state and community resources.





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#### Monitoring



• State Executive Council (SEC) – Focus is on the organization as a whole with more emphasis on monitoring the organization's achievement of its mission.



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#### **Recent Audit Observations**





#### **Recent Audit Observations**



# Internal Control Weakness vs. Non-Compliance Observation What's the Difference?

| Internal Control Weakness  | V<br>E           | Non-Compliance Observation   |
|--|------------------|--|
| Ineffective processes that may adversely impact the program's ability to achieve desired strategic, financial, operational, reporting, compliance, and stewardship objectives. | R<br>S<br>U<br>S | An organization's failure to fulfill specific requirements as stated in established laws, regulations, policies, and procedures. |

**Recent Audit Observations** 

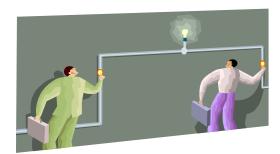


Internal Control Weakness vs. Non-Compliance Observation

# Important to Remember Non-compliance itself can be an internal control weakness.



# **SESSION**



# **SUMMARY**

#### Summary - Internal Controls



- Internal controls are steps taken to provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance that organizational objectives are achieved.
- Cost of achieving the internal control objectives should not exceed its benefit
- All STAKEHOLDERS are responsible for compliance with internal controls
- Five components of Internal Controls:
  - Control Environment
  - Risk Assessment
  - Control Activities
  - Information and Communication
  - Monitoring

#### Understanding Internal Controls in CSA







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