VIRGINIA'S SYSTEM OF CARE

A presentation for the

State Executive Council for the Comprehensive Services Act April 2013

Systems of Care

Systems of Care philosophy and core principles are the foundation of the Comprehensive Services Act.

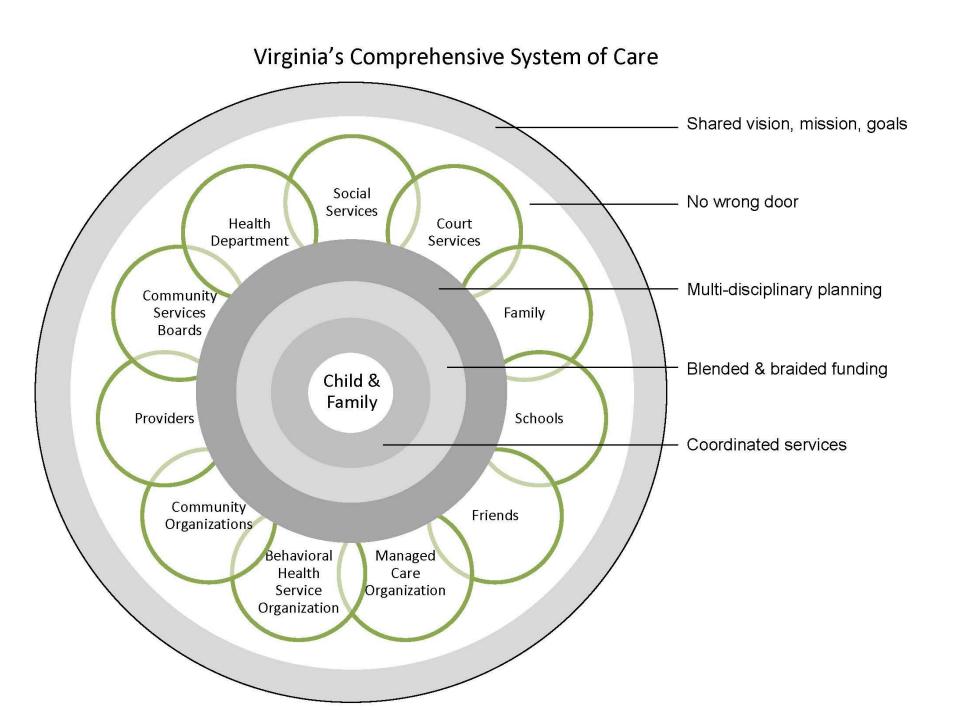
The mission of the CSA is to create a collaborative system of services and funding that is childcentered, family-focused and community-based when addressing the strengths and needs of troubled and at-risk youth and their families in the Commonwealth.



Systems of Care

There is a growing body of evidence showing that the philosophy and values embodied in a system of care approach are producing remarkable outcomes for youth and families while at the same time reducing the need for more costly and restrictive placements.







Shared Vision, Mission & Goals

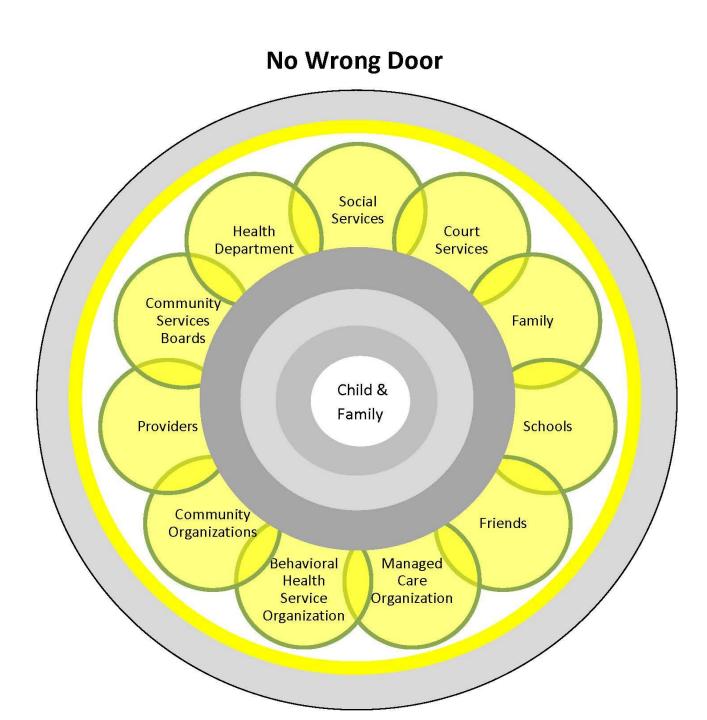
There is a shared belief across the Commonwealth that all children who are at-risk deserve access to a coordinated array of critical services which will produce the best possible outcomes for them and their families.



Shared Vision, Mission & Goals

PAST ACTIVITIES	PRESENT/FUTURE ACTIVITIES
 Enactment of the CSA (1993) established the mission for serving the Commonwealth's youth 	 DMAS - private Managed Care Organization managing children's health care (2013)
 Children's Services Systems Transformation (2009) and adopted "Practice Model" 	 DBHDS - SAMHSA Implementation Grant for expanding systems of care (2012-2016)
DBHDS - SAMHSA Planning Grant for expanding systems of care (2011)	Implementation of State Executive Council "2011 Strategic Plan"
Systems of care training	 DMAS – private Behavioral Health Service Organization to manage behavioral health services.
	Systems of care training
	 Application to participate in "Three Branch Institute"





No Wrong Door

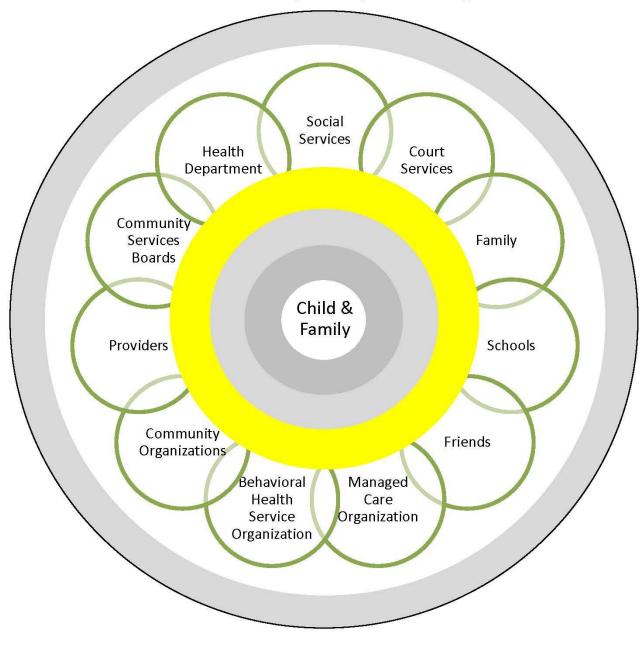
At-risk youth and families have access to funding and services regardless of how they come to the attention of those responsible for serving them.



No Wrong Door

- Virginia's Challenges
 - Embedding systemic awareness and referral to multi-disciplinary planning
 - Disparate local policies and practices governing access to funding and services





There is collaboration and cooperation in the planning for youth and families to address diverse and complex needs without limitations that might otherwise be imposed by operating within the parameters of individual agencies.



- Virginia's Strengths
 - Mandated multi-agency teams to access state Pool Funds
 - Mandatory uniform assessment that examines needs across all domains
 - Required individual family services plans



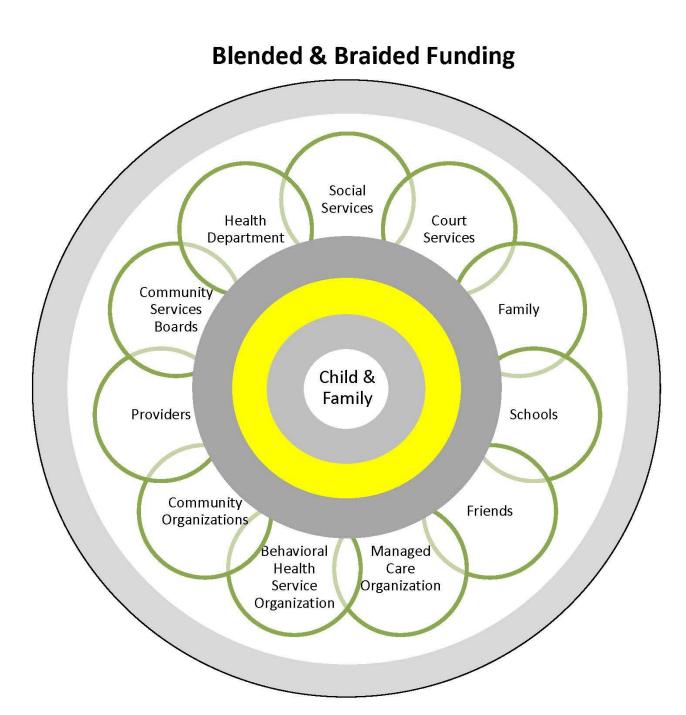
- Virginia's Challenges
 - Duplicative or poorly coordinated teams across agencies and stakeholder groups
 - Service planning driven by the unique strengths and needs of each child and family
 - Data driven decision-making



Virginia's Challenges

 Knowledge and application of core philosophies and evidenced-informed practices, e.g., traumainformed care, cultural and linguistic competence, family engagement/family voice and choice





Blended and Braided Funding

Financial structure encourages effective and efficient use of all available resources and maximization of federal funding streams. Access to available funding resources is available in one place and through one mechanism.



Blended and Braided Funding

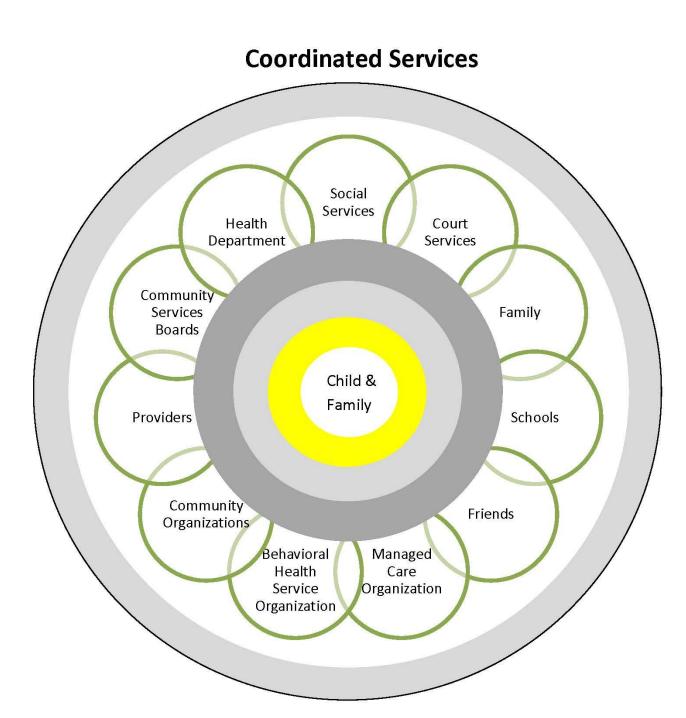
- Virginia's Strengths
 - Enactment of the CSA blended eight fund streams to create the state's Pool Funds
 - SEC Strategic Plan includes the goal to align policies across core fund streams



Blended and Braided Funding

- Virginia's Challenges
 - Some children, youth, and families fall through the cracks of individual fund stream eligibility requirements
 - Non-pooled funds continue to be viewed in silos





Effective individualized care planning and management processes address the unique strengths and needs of children and families holistically, value and respect family and youth input, deliver care in the family setting, and care for families in the context of their communities.



- Evidence informed practices
 - Standardized practice models
 - Data driven/outcomes based care

• Care coordination

- Basic case management
- Managed care
- Targeted case management
- Intensive Care Coordination



- Virginia's strengths
 - Mandatory uniform assessment
 - Partnership with private providers
 - Required utilization review and utilization management

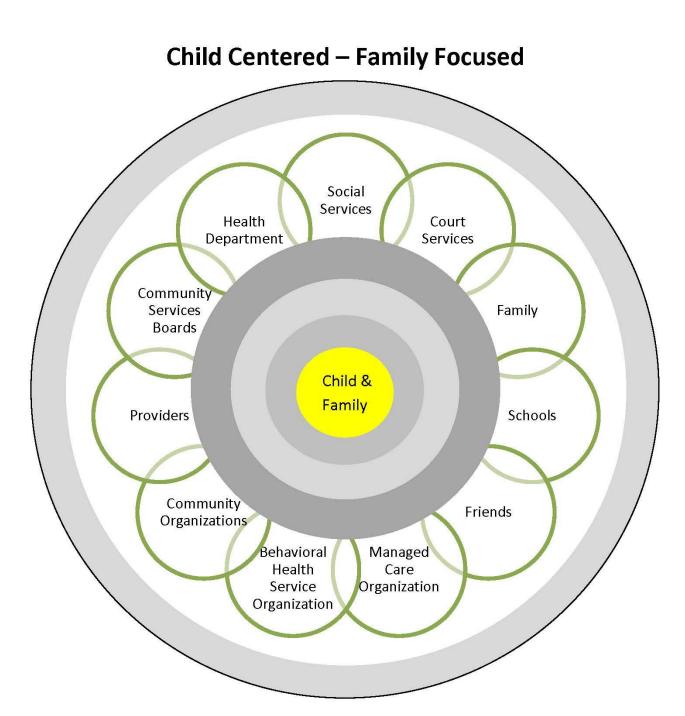


- Virginia's challenges
 - Disparate implementation across the Commonwealth
 - Availability of services and/or service providers



PAST ACTIVITIES	PRESENT/FUTURE ACTIVITIES
 Intensive Care Coordination established 	 Education/training: High Fidelity Wraparound for Intensive Care Coordinators and supervisors
 Annual "CSA Service Gaps Survey" 	 Improved management by data (data integration and analysis)
 DBHDS analysis and recommendations regarding availability of children's behavioral health services 	 Education/training on evidenced- informed practices
	 Standardize service names and definitions; identify standard practice models





Family Focused

- Family is partner in planning
- Family voice is respected
 - Goals represent family desires
 - Family is empowered to achieve success



Child Centered

 Child's strengths and needs drive planning

Ohild's voice is heard and respected

Child is empowered to be successful



