DJJ Community-based Funding



Virginia Department of Juvenile Justice

Funding Sources



- Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA)
- Community-based funding
 - Non-residential transitional services
 - Residential independent living
 - Mental Health Services
 - Substance Abuse Services
 - Psychological Evaluations
 - Community Placement Programs

VJCCCA



Background

- Enacted in the 1995 to restructure funding for local juvenile justice programming
- Intent is for localities to develop and implement programs and service to address juvenile crime



The Target Population

- Juveniles before intake on complaints
- Juveniles before the court on petitions
 - Children in need of services
 - Children in need of supervision
 - Delinquents

Best Practice Principles



 All programs and services funded through VJCCCA must improve public safety, hold youth accountable for their behavior (sanctions) or improve a youth's capacity for positive behavior (skills and treatment).



Organization and Operations

- VJCCCA provides formula-based funding to localities
- DJJ provides administrative oversight and monitoring of the VJCCCA plans
- Many localities contribute a required Maintenance of Effort.



Organization and Operations

Local Plans ⇔ Statewide Process

- Every two years, the locality submits a plan for the use of the allocated funds.
- Plans are based on:
 - A review of court-related data
 - An objective assessment of need for services and programs

Governance - §16.1-309.3

Local Plans ⇔ Statewide Process

- Plans are developed <u>after</u> consultation with:
 - J&DR Court Judges
 - Director of the Court Services Unit
 - CPMT



Program Operations

- Local governing bodies determine who will manage the plan's activities
- Local governing bodies may provide programs and services directly through use of dedicated staff
- Local governing bodies may purchase programs and services from private agencies.

Impact of VJCCCA



- Localities have received funding to create or enhance programs and have greater flexibility to design programs to meet the needs of their communities
- VJCCCA has increased the number and variety of programs and services available for youth in most communities

Impact of VJCCCA



- In FY2012, 10,530 unique juveniles sere served
- 80% of these were eligible for secure detention
- In FY 2014, 8,695 unique juveniles were served
- 81% of these were eligible for secure detention

Community-based Funding



- Psychological Evaluations
- Mental Health Services
- Substance Abuse Services
- Community Placement Programs
- Non-residential transitional services
- Residential independent living

Psychological Evaluations



- Court ordered evaluations
- Court must find parents or guardian unable to pay
- Both psychological and psycho-sexual evaluations
- Juvenile must meet eligibility for commitment
- Evaluations must be prepared postdispositional

Community-based Funding



- Provides funding for juveniles under the supervision of the Court Service Unit for identified mental health and substance abuse needs
- Provides funding for Community
 Placement Program

Array of Re-entry Services



- Substance abuse services
- Sex offender services
- Individual, group, family counseling
- In-home services
- Life skills coaching

Array of Re-entry Services



- Gang intervention
- Employment services
- Surveillance / intensive supervision
- Residential Independent living