

Virginia Department of Social Services

people helping people

Predictive Analytics: Aligning Community Resources for Prevention

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7th Annual CSA Conference

Carl Ayers – VDSS Director of Family Services

- Carl Ayers – Director of Family Services
- Dr. Jeff Price – Director of Research and Planning
- Dr. Dyann Daley – MD and CEO of Predict, Align, Prevent
- Dr. Ken Steif – U Penn
- City of Richmond



Predictive Analytics: “The practice of extracting information from data sets to determine patterns and predict outcomes and trends” (Predictive Analytics, Applications in Child Welfare, Casey Family Programs)

Predictive Risk Modeling: a specific type of predictive analytics, focused on using data patterns to identify predictors of risk and assign risk categories based on these patterns to individuals and/or families (Predictive Analytics, Applications in Child Welfare, Casey Family Programs)



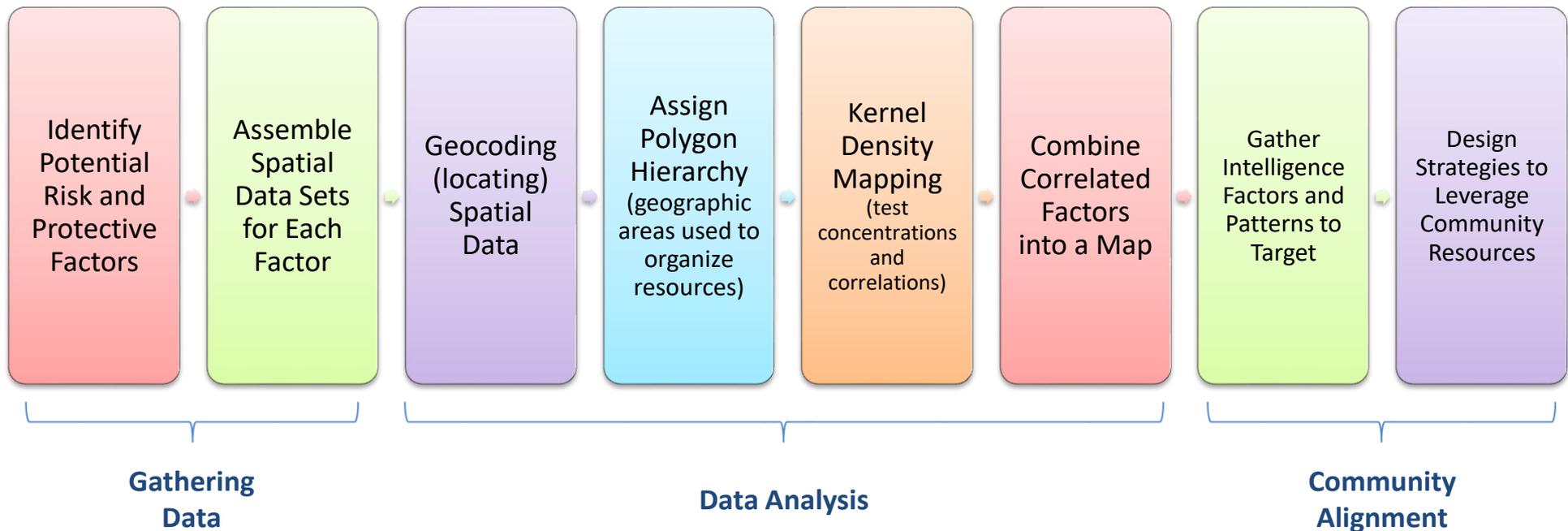
Amazon Product
Recommendations

Healthcare Screenings

Facebook Ads

Fraud Detection





Geospatial Risk Modeling/Analysis



Protective Variables

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- Social connections
- Parental supports
- Health
- Stable housing
- Employment
- More parental education
- Well resourced schools
- Places of worship
- Parks
- Community Centers
- Licensed child care
- Early learning centers
- Health clinics



- Physical abuse
- Sexual abuse
- Emotional abuse
- Physical and emotional neglect
- Exposure to:
 - Domestic Violence
 - Substance misuse within household
 - Household mental illness
 - Parental separation or divorce
 - Incarcerated household member



If violent behavior is purely a psychological characteristic of the individual, where someone lives should have no bearing on their likelihood of experiencing ACEs and child maltreatment,

We would expect it to occur randomly across geographical regions.

This is not what we see.



- Geospatial risk models are built on the notion that
 - Place matters and should be taken into account when estimating risk
 - Physical elements of the environment contribute to or reduce the likelihood of risk
- Information on these elements can be used to improve prediction – their frequency and distance from locations where child abuse occurs

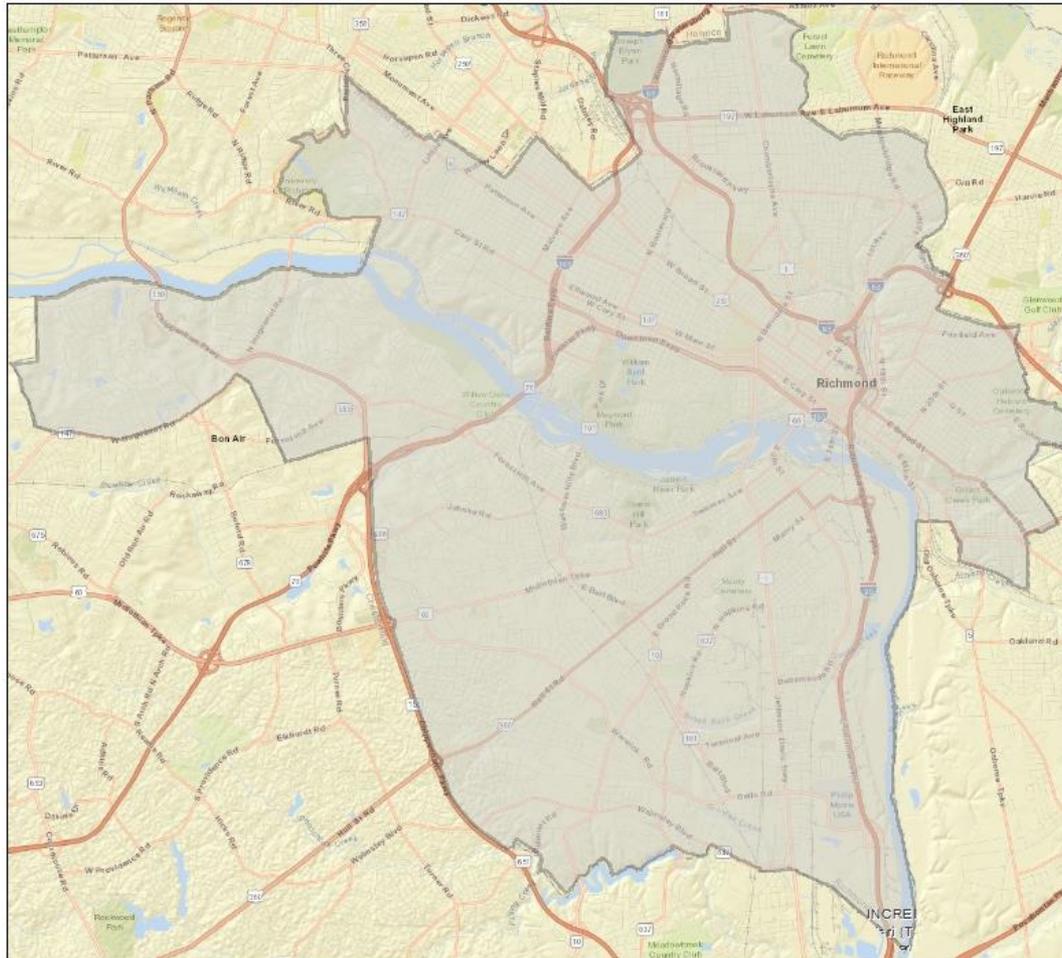


- We are interested in identifying the socio-economic and physical elements that make a neighborhood risky for children
- If features that enable or contribute to the likelihood of ACEs and child maltreatment can be identified, it is likely they can also be mitigated



The Study Area

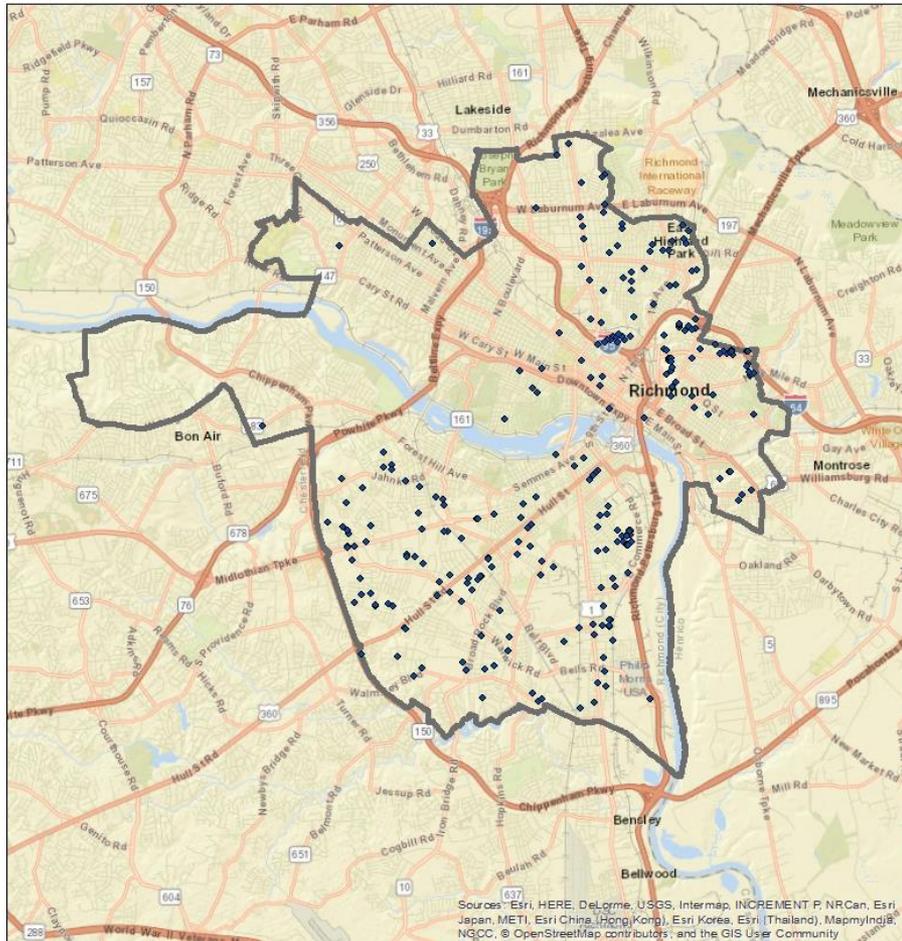
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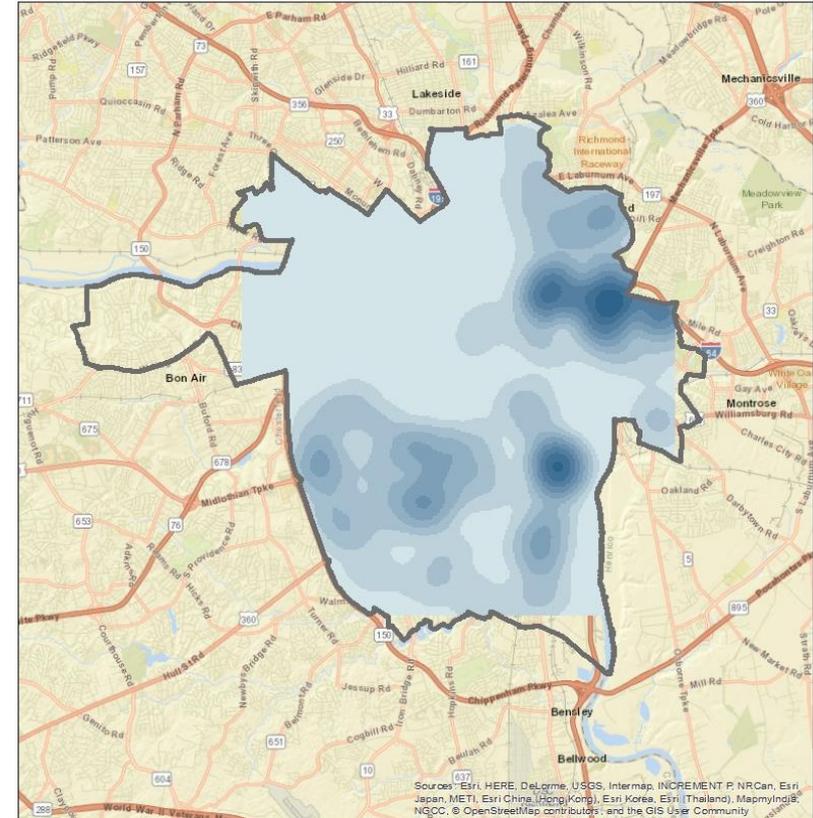
Geocode Founded Child Maltreatment Cases

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Richmond City
VDSS: Founded Referrals (SFY 2014 - 2017)
(n = 280)



Richmond City
VDSS: Founded Referrals (SFY 2014 - 2017)
(n = 280)



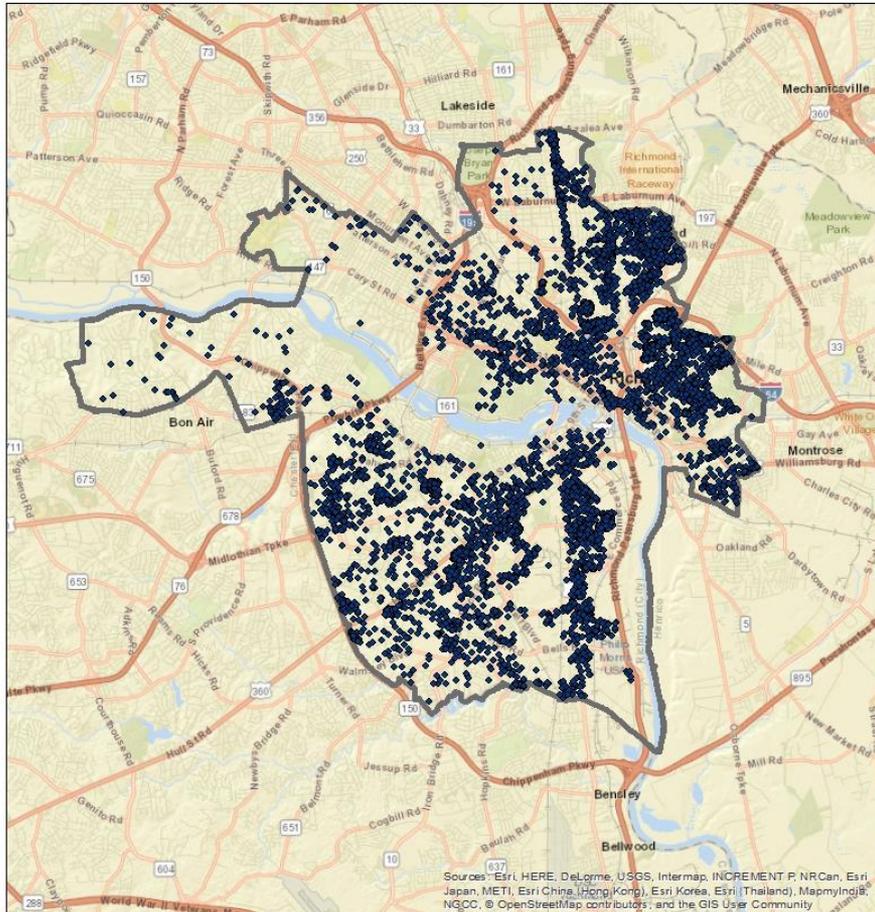
Intensity
Low High

Data Source: Virginia Department of Social Services
DOS: 7/1/2013 - 6/30/2017

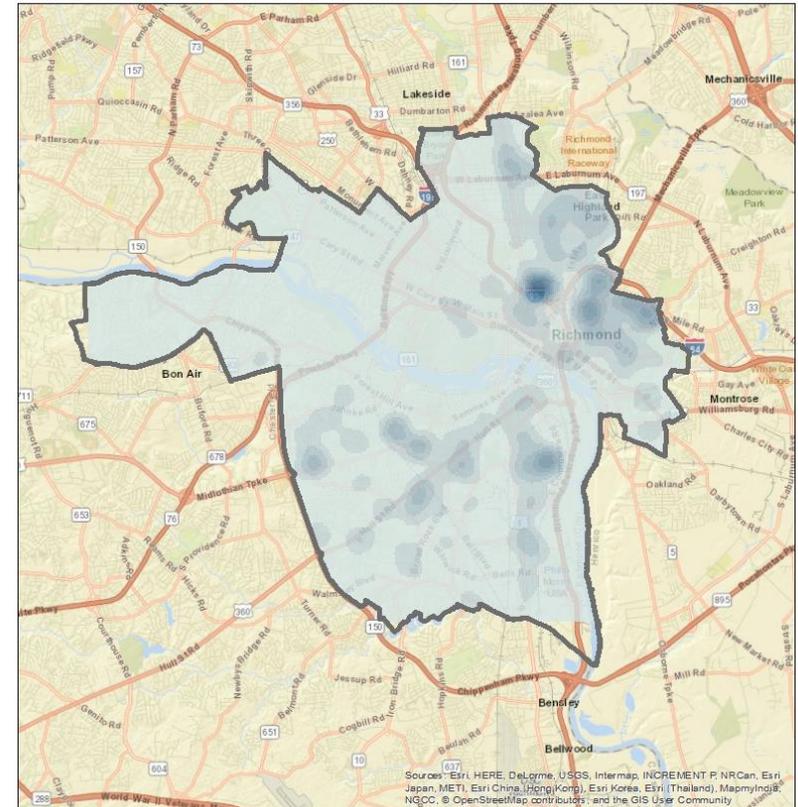
Look For Clustering and Associated Risk or Protective Factors

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Richmond City
Violent Crime* Data January 2014 - December 2016
(n = ~8,700)



Richmond City
Violent Crime* Data January 2014 - December 2016
(n = ~8,700)



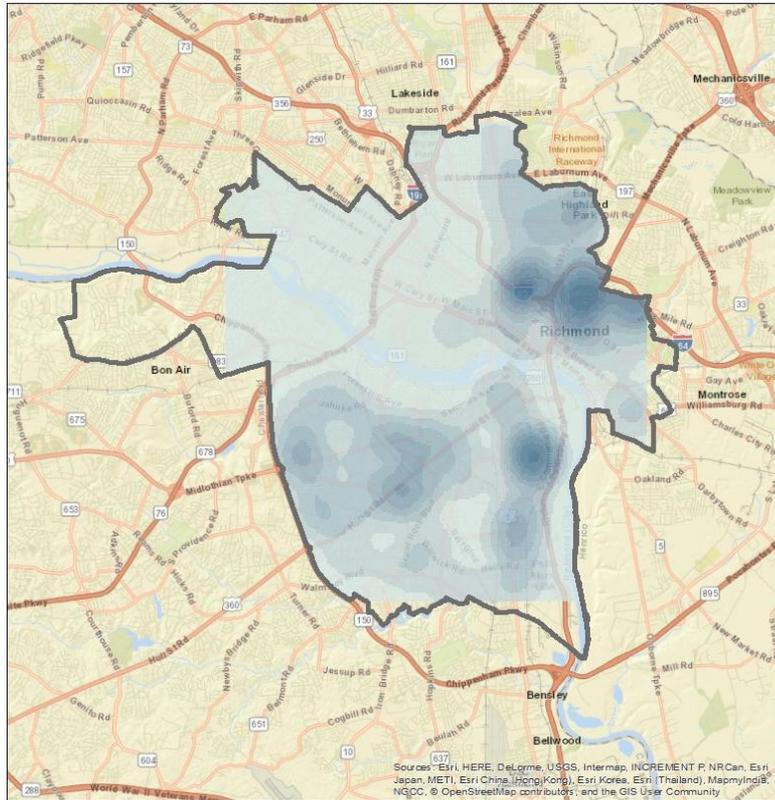
Low Intensity High

Data Source: Richmond City Police (edited for Violent Crime*); DOS = 1/1/2014 - 12/31/2016
*Aggravated Assault, Aggravated Assault Domestic, Forcible Rape, Forcible Sodomy, Kidnapping/Abduction, Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Sexual Battery, Simple Assault, Simple Assault Domestic

Founded CPS Investigations, Crime and Domestic Violence in Richmond, VA

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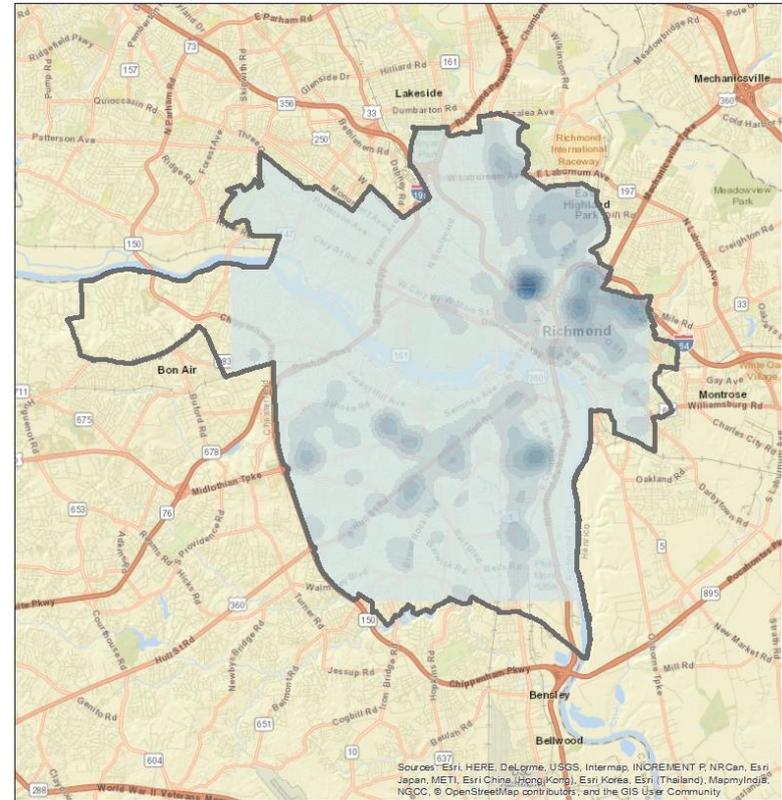
Richmond City
CPS Founded & Domestic Violence - Weighted Sum - Kernel Analysis - Equal Weight



Low Intensity High
Data Source: Virginia Department of Social Services
DOS: 7/1/2013 - 6/30/2017

Data Source: Richmond City Police (edited for Violent Crime*); DOS = 1/1/2014 - 12/31/2016
*Aggravated Assault Domestic, Simple Assault Domestic

Richmond City
CPS Founded & Violent Crime - Weighted Sum - Kernel Analysis - Equal Weight

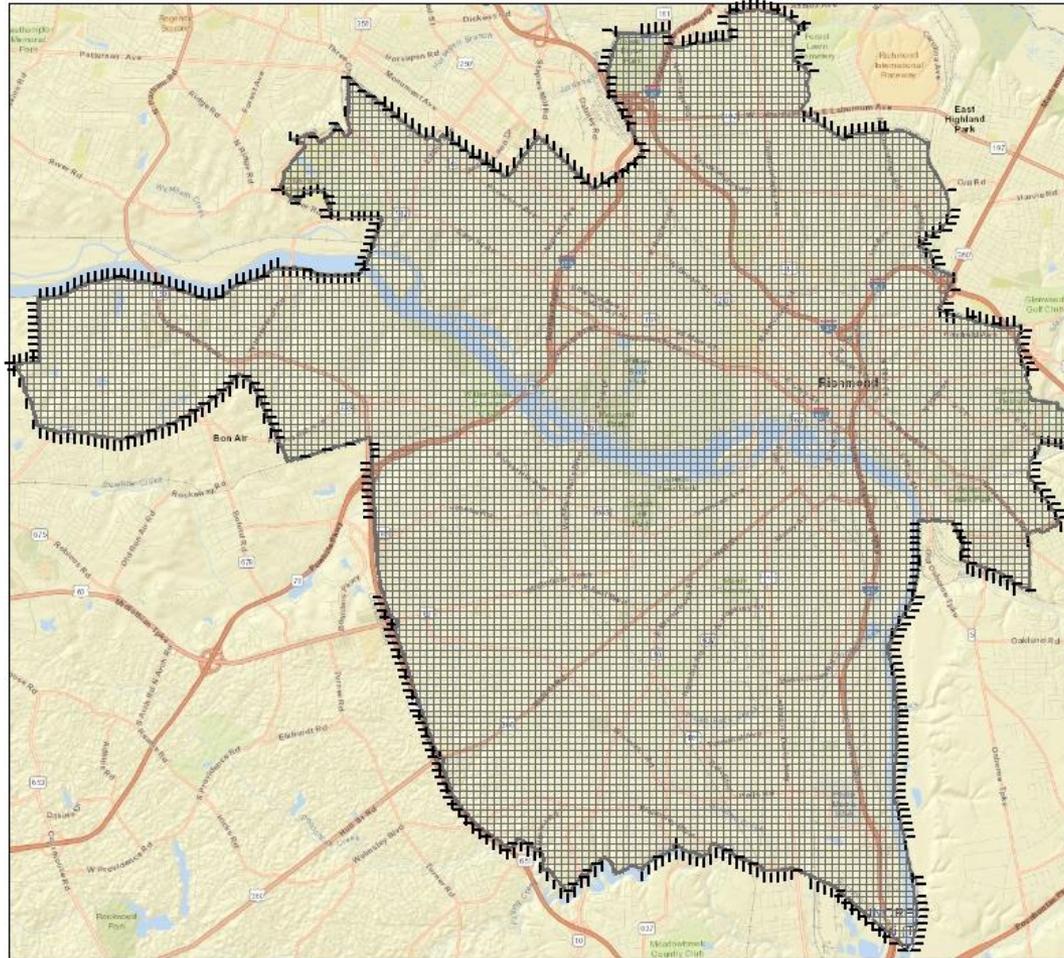


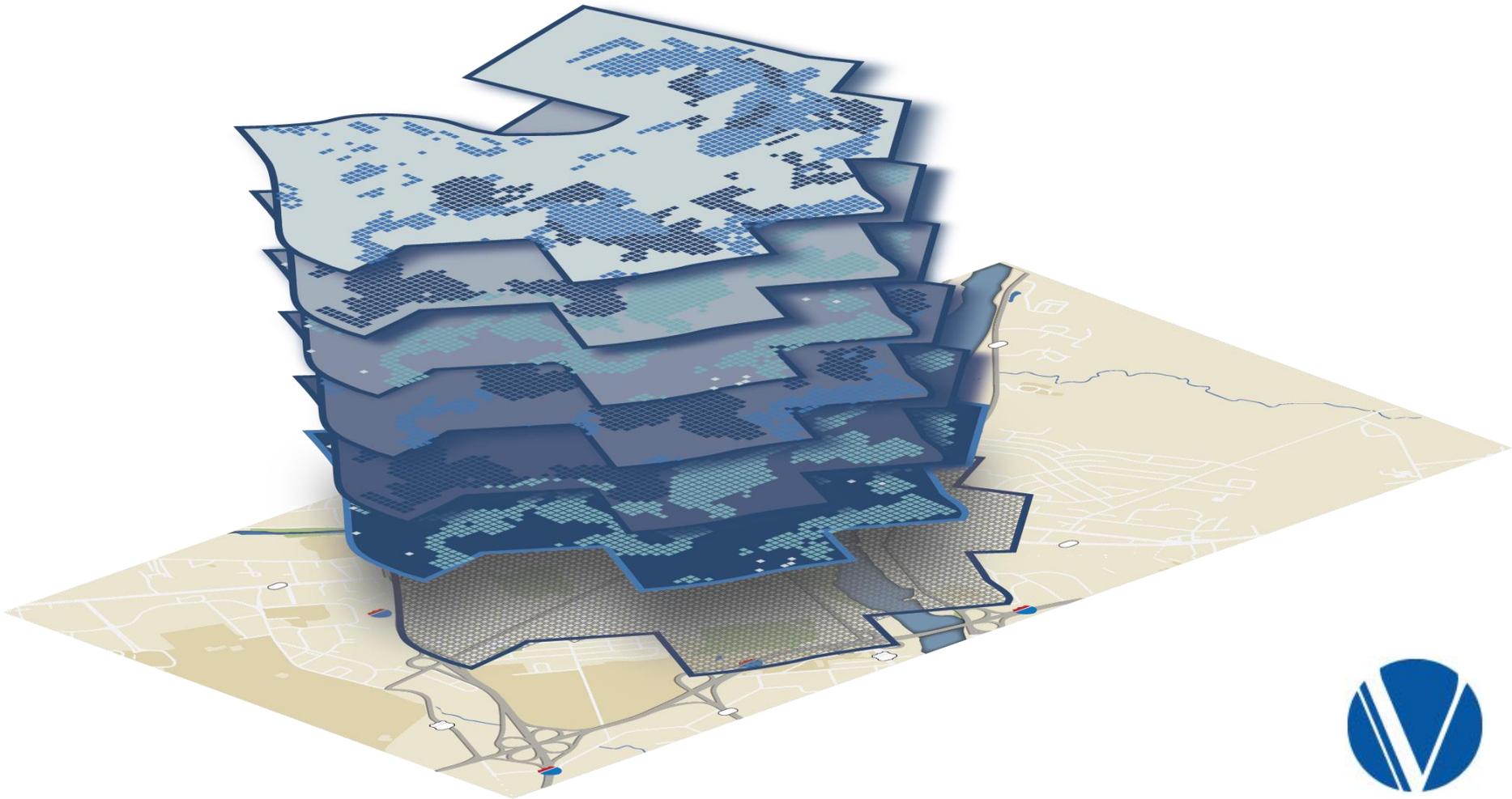
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Apply ½ Block Size Grid To Study Area

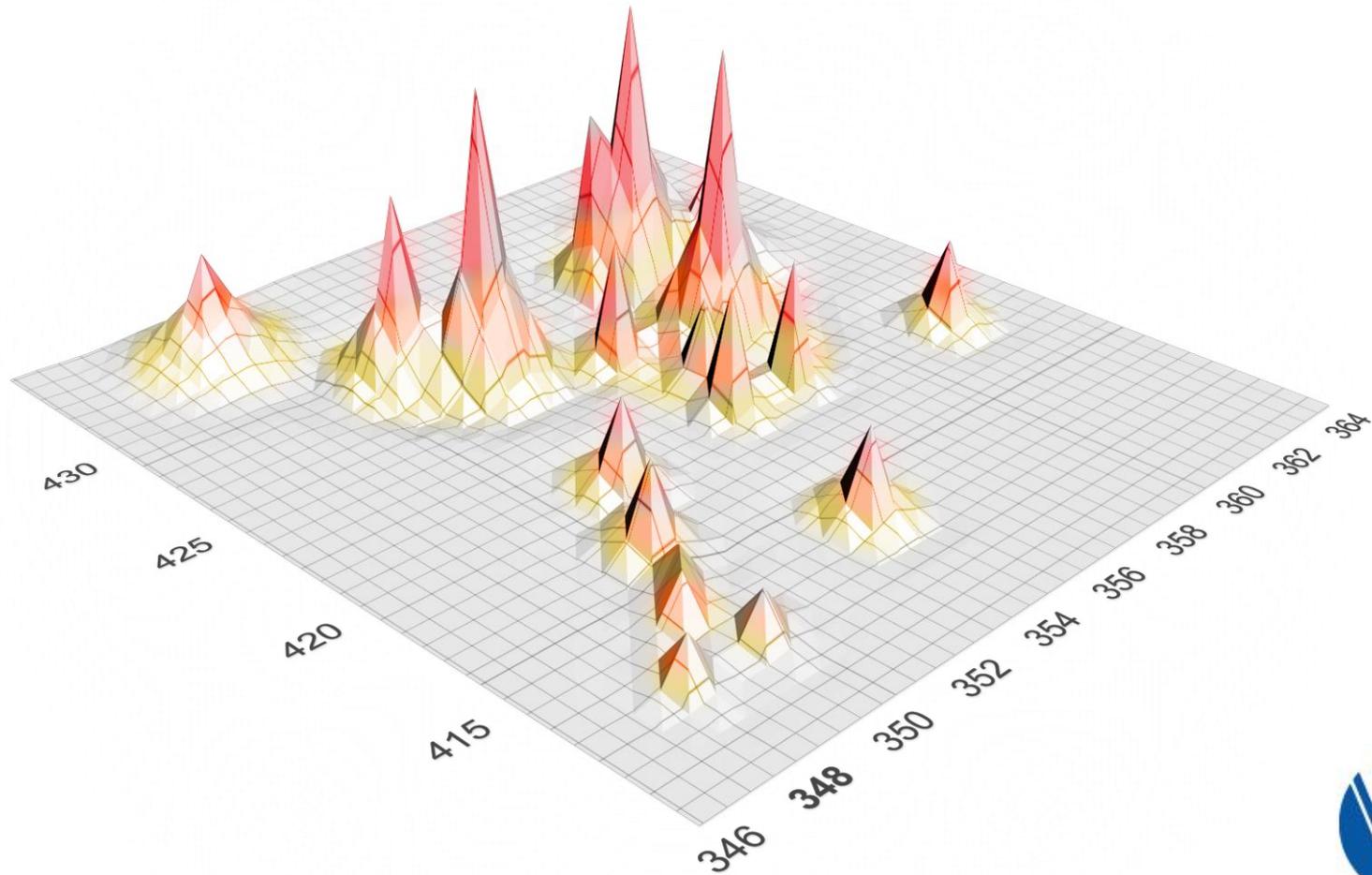
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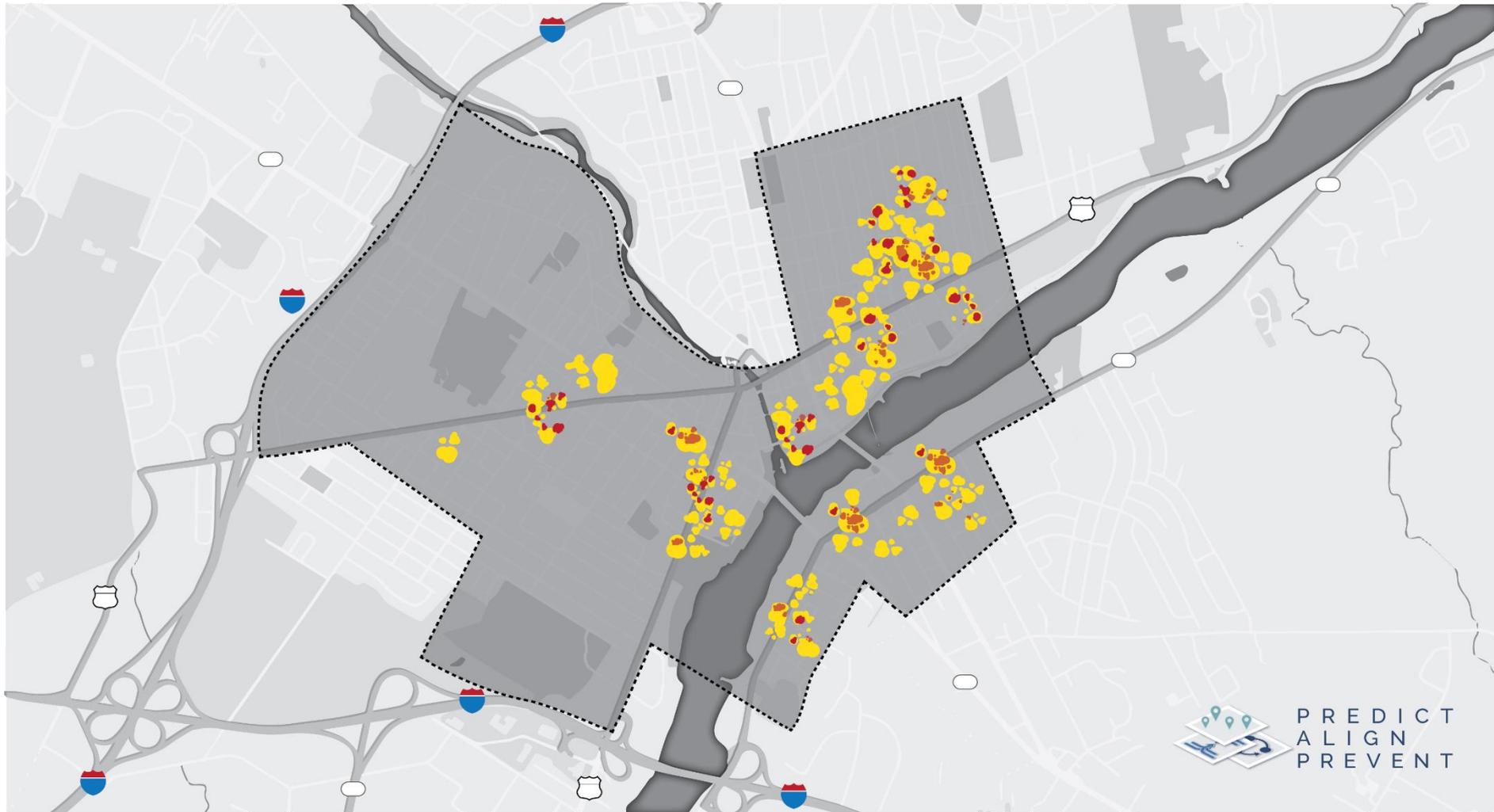
Conduct Risk Modeling and Map Results

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Predict High Risk Areas

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PREDICT
ALIGN
PREVENT

Aligning Project Components

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- What is the type of abuse to be targeted by the intervention?
- For each risk factor identified in the model, what is its relationship to the type of abuse?
 - What mechanisms link the risk factor to the type of abuse?
- What actions can DSS, local police, VDH, and other community partners take to mitigate the spatial influence of each risk factor?
- Given available resources and our understanding of how the risk factors are related to the type of abuse, what risk factors should be prioritized to receive attention?



- Could be based on order of relative risk
- Could be based on financial cost of intervention
- Could be based on feasibility of coordinating and deploying necessary resources
- Could be based on community willingness to implement the intervention



Monitoring Progress

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Parenting

- Preventable child injury and death
- 3rd grade reading levels
- Preventable hospital admissions
- Employment rate
- Graduation rate

Crime Prevention

- Drug arrests
- Violent crime
- Community engagement

Family Services

- CPS referrals
- Foster care
- Mobility

Community Wellbeing

- Teen pregnancy
- Infant mortality
- ER utilization
- Uninsured
- School readiness
- School ratings





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